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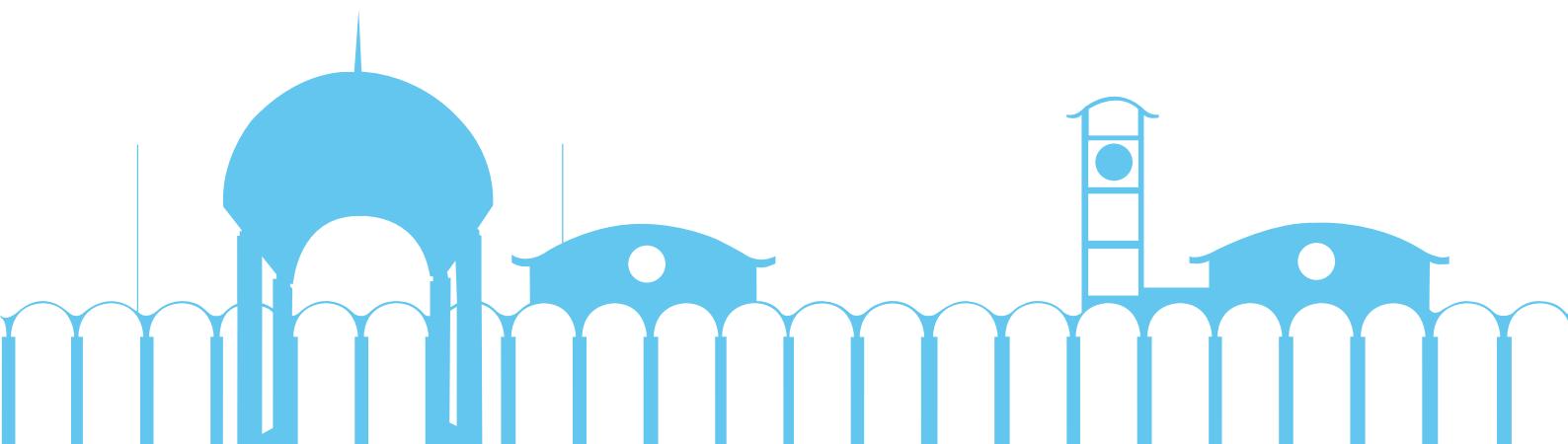
YOUR VOICE IN PARLIAMENT

**THE FIRST MEETING OF THE FIRST SESSION
OF THE THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT**

TUESDAY 26 NOVEMBER 2024

MIXED VERSION

HANSARD NO: 215



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THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY
SPEAKER
The Hon. Dithapelo L. Keorapetse, MP.
DEPUTY SPEAKER
Hon. H. P. Manyeneng, MP. (Mmopane-Metsimothlape)

Clerk of the National Assembly
Deputy Clerk of the National Assembly
Learned Parliamentary Counsel
Senior Assistant Clerk
Assistant Clerk (E)

- Ms B. N. Dithapo
- Vacant
- Advocate L. O. Tlhowe
- Ms K. H. Ketshajwang
- Vacant

CABINET

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| The President Mr D. G. Boko, MP. | - President |
| His Honour N. N. Ndaba, MP. | - Vice President & Minister of Finance |
| Hon. M. C. Mohwasa, MP. | - Minister for State President |
| Hon. Dr P. Butale, MP. | - Minister for International Relations |
| Hon. N. Ramaotwana, MP. | - Minister of Justice and Correctional Services |
| Hon. K. Motshegwa, MP. | - Minister of Local Government and Traditional Affairs |
| Hon. Dr M. Chimbombi, MP. | - Minister of Lands and Agriculture |
| Hon. D. Tshere, MP. | - Minister of Communications and Innovation |
| Hon. N. Kgafela-Mokoka, MP. | - Minister of Child Welfare and Basic Education |
| Hon. P. Maele, MP. | - Minister of Higher Education |
| Hon. W. B. Mmolotsi, MP. | - Minister of Environment and Tourism |
| Hon. Dr S. Modise, MP. | - Minister of Health |
| Hon. Maj. Gen. P. Mokgware, MP. | - Minister of Labour and Home Affairs |
| Hon. O. Ramogapi, MP. | - Minister of Water and Human Settlement |
| Hon. B. J. Kenewendo, MP. | - Minister of Minerals and Energy |
| Hon. T. Ntsima, MP. | - Minister of Trade and Entrepreneurship |
| Hon. L. Chombo, MP. | - Minister of Youth and Gender Affairs |
| Hon. J. Kelebeng, MP. | - Minister of Sports and Arts |
| Hon. N. S. L. M. Salakae, MP. | - Minister of Transport and Infrastructure |
| Hon. M. B. Mophuting, MP. | - Assistant Minister, State President |
| Hon. A. Nyatanga, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Justice and Correctional Services |
| Hon. M. I. Moswaane, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Local Government and Traditional Affairs |
| Hon. Dr E. G. Dikoloti, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Lands and Agriculture |
| Hon. S. Ntlhaile, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Communications and Innovation |
| Hon. L. Ookeditse, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Health |
| Hon. B. Mathoothe, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Trade and Entrepreneurship |
| Hon. J. Hunyepa, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Higher Education |
| Hon. M. G. J. Motsamai, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Water and Human Settlement |
| Hon. K. Atamelang, MP. | - Assistant Minister, Transport and Infrastructure |

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND THEIR CONSTITUENCIES

Names	Constituency
RULING PARTY (Umbrella for Democratic Change)	
The President Mr D. G. Boko, MP.	President
His Honour N. N. Ndaba, MP.	Vice President (Gaborone Bonnington South)
Hon. S. O. Digwa, MP. (Government Whip)	Boteti West
Hon. W. B. Mmolotsi, MP.	Francistown South
Hon. M. I. Moswaane, MP.	Francistown West
Hon. M. G. J. Motsamai, MP.	Charles Hill
Hon. O. Ramogapi, MP.	Palapye
Hon. D. Tshere, MP.	Mahalapye West
Hon. Dr P. Butale, MP.	Gaborone Central
Hon. P. Maele, MP.	Tswapong South
Hon. S. Ntlhaile, MP.	Gaborone North
Hon. N. S. L. M. Salakae, MP.	Ghanzi North
Hon. K. Atamelang, MP.	Boteti East
Hon. M. Bagaisamang, MP.	Shoshong
Hon. L. Barongwang, MP.	Mogoditshane East
Hon. T. Bogatsu, MP.	Lentsweletau-Lephephe
Hon. Dr M. C. Chimbombi, MP.	Kgalagadi South
Hon. C. K. Jacobs, MP.	Lobatse
Hon. J. Hunyepa, MP.	Tati West
Hon. J. Kelebeng, MP.	Takatokwane
Hon. A. K. Khan, MP.	Molepolole North
Hon. O. Kwapa, MP.	Jwaneng-Mabutsane
Hon. G. Lekau, MP.	Mogoditshane West
Hon. R. M. Lekutlane, MP.	Kgalagadi North
Hon. H. P. Manyeneng, MP.	Metsimotlhabe-Mmopane
Hon. Brig. D. Mokgwathi	Letlhakeng
Hon. S. D. Monageng, MP.	Molepolole South
Hon. M. B. Mophuting, MP.	Gaborone Bonnington North
Hon. M. M. Morolong, MP.	Kgatleng Central
Hon. P. M. Mosanana, MP.	Kanye North
Hon. K. Motshegwa, MP.	Mmadinare
Hon. T. Ntsima, MP.	Francistown East
Hon. A. Nyatanga, MP.	Mahalapye East
Hon. N. Ramaotwana, MP.	Gaborone South
Hon. V. B. Phologolo, MP.	Kanye South
Hon. G. Sedombo, MP.	Tonota
Hon. P. M. Segokgo, MP.	Tlokweng

OPPOSITION

(Botswana Congress Party)

Hon. D. Saleshando, MP. (Leader of the Opposition)	Maun North
Hon. K. C. Hikuama, MP. (Opposition Whip)	Maun West
Hon. Dr U. Dow, MP.	Kgatleng West
Hon. Dr K. Gobotswang, MP	Tswapong South
Hon. K. K. Kapanga, MP	Okavango West
Hon. G. Kekgongile, MP.	Maun East
Hon. T. B. Lucas, MP.	Bobirwa
Hon. K. Nkawana, MP.	Selebi Phikwe East
Hon. P. Aaron, MP.	Ngami
Hon. G. Disho, MP.	Okavango East
Hon. T. Furniture, MP.	Tati East
Hon. R. W. Kaizer, MP.	Selebi Phikwe West
Hon. B. B. Mabeo, MP.	Ramotswa
Hon. S. O. Mapulanga, MP.	Chobe
Hon. M. Moalosi, MP.	Nkange

(Botswana Patriotic Front)

Hon. L. Lesedi, MP.	Serowe South
Hon. B. Mathoothe, MP.	Serowe North
Hon. O. Kedikilwe, MP.	Serowe West
Hon. J. J. Frenzel, MP.	Shashe West
Hon. L. Ookeditse, MP.	Nata-Gweta

(Botswana Democratic Party)

Hon. K. S. Gare, MP.	Moshupa-Manyana
Hon. K. T. Mmusi, MP.	Gabane-Mmankgodzi
Hon. P. K. Motaosane, MP.	Thamaga-Kumakwane
Hon. M. M. Pule, MP.	Kgatleng East

(Independent Member of Parliament)

Hon. Dr E. G. Dikoloti, MP.	Goodhope- Mmathethethe
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SPECIALLY ELECTED MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT

Hon. Maj. Gen. P. Mokgware, MP.	Specially Elected
Hon. B. J. Kenewendo, MP.	Specially Elected
Hon. M. C. Mohwasa, MP.	Specially Elected
Hon. N. Kgafela-Mokoka, MP.	Specially Elected
Hon. Dr S. Modise, MP.	Specially Elected
Hon. L. Chombo, MP.	Specially Elected

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Tuesday 26th November, 2024

THE ASSEMBLY met at 2:00 p.m.

(THE SPEAKER in the Chair)

P R A Y E R S

* * * *

SPEAKER'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

MR SPEAKER (MR KEORAPETSE): Order! Order! Honourable Members. Honourable Members, I have some announcements here. Let us start with the sitting arrangement. I have since consulted with the Leader of the Opposition (LOO) and Opposition Whip about how they want to adjust the sitting arrangement, so that Honourable Moalosi does not sit alone at the back. I have it here with me, I think it will be arranged tomorrow. So, when we finish at 6 o'clock... *nanabelang kwa ditilong tsa lona batlotlegi*, there will be minor modifications on the side of the opposition.

The other one is that the Botswana Democratic Party (BDP); I believe we have not talked to Honourable Mabuse Pule, we will talk after Parliament. With the Umbrella for Democratic Change (UDC), we will have Honourable Segokgo and Honourable Sedombo sitting next to each other, and Honourable Mosanana and Honourable Phologolo sitting next to each other. The modifications are here. I think they will be circulated for your appreciation.

Honourable Members, in accordance with Standing Order 99.1, I hereby inform you that the Committee of Selection met today, Tuesday 26th November, 2024, to consider proposals for allocation of Members to Parliamentary Committees. I am pleased to announce that the following Members have been appointed to the following Parliamentary Committees. Before I announce the names, let me hasten to say that Honourable Members, we were alive to what happened during the 12th Parliament whereby the former ruling party insisted on being majority at the ratio of five to three in all committees of Parliament. The effect of which was that we will have one Member having eight, nine, 10 committees each. The argument at the time was that the Standing Order provides that committees must reflect representation in the House. We argued at the time that this was misinterpretation of the Standing Orders, in the sense that what must be considered is Members eligible to serve in committees. It is that principle that we followed, I advised the committee and the committee verily accepted the advice.

Honourable Phologolo, Honourable Digwa, Honourable Hikuama and Honourable Saleshando, those are the Members of the Committee of Selection, which I chair. What I am going to announce here has been agreed to at the Committee of Selection. The following Members have been appointed to the following Parliamentary Committees. You will note Honourable Members that the committees do not necessarily 100 per cent match the arrangement of ministries, but they are as they appear in the Standing Orders. *Ke se ka ka tloga ka botswa gore jaanong ya Agriculture and Land e kae fa go na le Housing mo teng*, in the Standing Orders, that is how it appears.

(1) Wildlife, Tourism, National Resources and Climate Change

The following Members;

- Honourable Victor Phologolo
- Honourable Morolong
- Honourable Digwa
- Honourable Disho
- Honourable Saleshando
- Honourable Nkawana
- Honourable Lesedi and
- Honourable Mmusi.

All parties represented.

(2) Agriculture, Lands and Housing

- Honourable Lekau
- Honourable Sedombo
- Honourable Bogatsu
- Honourable Dr Gobotswang
- Honourable Kaizer
- Honourable Lucas
- Honourable Frenzel and
- Honourable Motaosane.

(3) Foreign Affairs, Defence, Justice and Security

- Honourable Khan



- Honourable Rtd. Brigadier Mokgwathi
- Honourable Phologolo
- Honourable Dr Dow
- Honourable Kapinga
- Honourable Nkawana
- Honourable Lesedi and
- Honourable Mmusi.

(4) Finance, Trade and Economic Development

- Honourable Lekau
- Honourable Barongwang
- Honourable Sedombo
- Honourable Saleshando
- Honourable Mabeo
- Honourable Mapulanga
- Honourable Kedikilwe and
- Honourable Gare.

(5) Communications, Works, Transport and Technology

- Honourable Barongwang
- Honourable Jacobs
- Honourable Monageng
- Honourable Moalosi
- Honourable Kaizer
- Honourable Hikuama
- Honourable Kedikilwe and
- Honourable Gare.

(6) Labour and Home Affairs

- Honourable Lekau
- Honourable Manyeneng
- Honourable Rtd. Brigadier Mokgwathi
- Honourable Kekgonegile

- Honourable Hikuama
- Honourable Aaron
- Honourable Frenzel and
- Honourable Pule.

(7) Health and HIV/AIDS

- Honourable Manyeneng
- Honourable Mosanana
- Honourable Rtd. Brigadier Mokgwathi
- Honourable Aaron
- Honourable Disho
- Honourable Moalosi
- Honourable Kedikilwe and
- Honourable Pule.

(8) Governance and Oversight

- Honourable Bagaisamang
- Honourable Kwapa
- Honourable Segokgo
- Honourable Dr Dow
- Honourable Kaizer
- Honourable Dr Gobotswang
- Honourable Lesedi and
- Honourable Mmusi.

(9) Public Service and Its Management

- Honourable Bagaisamang
- Honourable Morolong
- Honourable Mosanana
- Honourable Dr Gobotswang
- Honourable Kekgonegile
- Honourable Mabeo
- Honourable Frenzel and
- Honourable Pule.



(10) Education and Skills Development

- Honourable Bogatsu
- Honourable Bagaisamang
- Honourable Lekutlane
- Honourable Hikuama
- Honourable Kapinga
- Honourable Furniture
- Honourable Kedikilwe and
- Honourable Pule.
- Government Whip
- Opposition Whip and
- Honourable Victor Phologolo, representing the Leader of the House.

(2) Business Advisory Committee

- Speaker
- Leader of the House
- LOO and
- Opposition Whip.

(3) National Assembly Staff

- Minister responsible for Public Administration, I must mention that the Minister may send the representative.
- The committee is chaired by the Deputy Speaker.
- Honourable Digwa (Government Whip)
- Honourable Onalepelo Kedikilwe and
- Honourable Goretetse Kekgonegile.

(4) Members' Rights, Interests and Privileges

- Honourable Kwapa
- Honourable Digwa
- Honourable Kekgonegile
- Honourable Motaosane
- Honourable Frenzel

Ke lona le tlaabong le tshwere ditshwanelo tsa Mapalamente. Ke a bona gore le thankgotse Lucas.

(5) Standing Orders and Reforms

- Honourable Manyeneng (Deputy Speaker)
- Honourable Kwapa
- Honourable Segokgo
- Honourable Ambassador Kapinga
- Honourable Mapulanga
- Honourable Nkawana
- Honourable Lesedi
- Honourable Pule.

STANDING COMMITTEES**(1) Committee of Selection**

- Speaker
- Leader of the Opposition (LOO)



(6) Finance and Estimates

- Honourable Phologolo
- Honourable Barongwang
- Honourable Mosanana
- Honourable Saleshando
- Honourable Mapulanga
- Honourable Aaron
- Honourable Kedikilwe
- Honourable Gare.

(7) Public Accounts Committee

- Honourable Lucas (Chairperson). Join me in congratulating Honourable Lucas as the Chairperson.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Applause!)

MR SPEAKER: This therefore means that Honourable Lucas will represent the PAC in the SADC Organisation of Public Accounts Committees, Africa Organisation of Public Accounts Committees, Commonwealth Association of Public Accounts Committees. This will be his responsibilities as the Chairperson of the PAC.

Members are;

- Honourable Lucas as Chairman or Chairperson
- Honourable Jacobs
- Honourable Digwa (Government Whip)
- Honourable Phologolo
- Honourable Monageng
- Honourable Moalosi
- Honourable Mabeo
- Honourable Dr Dow
- Honourable Lesedi
- Honourable Motaosane.

Go raya gore ba lesome ka palo.

(8) Statutory Bodies

- Honourable Sedombo

- Honourable Khan
- Honourable Kwapa
- Honourable Hikuama (Opposition Whip)
- Honourable Furniture
- Honourable Dr Dow
- Honourable Frenzel
- Honourable Gare.

(9) Government Assurances and Motions passed by the National Assembly

- Honourable Segokgo
- Honourable Lekutlane
- Honourable Morolong
- Honourable Gobotswang
- Honourable Nkawana
- Honourable Furniture
- Honourable Lesedi
- Honourable Mmusi.

(10) Subsidiary Legislation - Delegated Legislation

- Honourable Bagaisamang
- Honourable Phologolo
- Honourable Lekau
- Honourable Ambassador Kapinga
- Honourable Disho
- Honourable Mapulanga
- Honourable Lesedi
- Honourable Mmusi.

(11) Parliamentary Caucus on Women

A very important committee. Motsamai ga a a bona skeem gompieno mo go yone e.

- Honourable Manyeneng (Deputy Speaker)
- Honourable Kenewendo
- Honourable Mophuting



- Honourable Kgafela-Mokoka
- Honourable Dr Dow
- Honourable Chombo.

E bomme botlhe go raya gore le maloko a yone; bomme lotlhe ba le leng Mapalamente.

(12) Special Select Committee on Sustainable Development Goals

- Honourable Mosanana
- Honourable Jacobs
- Honourable Lekau
- Honourable Saleshando
- Honourable Lucas
- Honourable Mabeo
- Honourable Frenzel
- Honourable Mmusi.

...Silence...

MR SPEAKER: Honourable Members, ke tsone dikomiti. Go raya gore yo o nang le dikomiti tse di ntsi, fa e le sengwe o ka nna le dikomiti di le nne. Ga re na dilo tsele mo motho a nang le dikomiti tse *nine*, a bo dikomiti di sa tsene. Honourable Members, re tshwaragane le ba ba ka kgonang gore ba le rutuntshe mo dikomiting, *office* ya ga *Madam Clerk* e tshwaragane le bangwe gore ba tle ba le rutuntshe ka dikomiti ka gore *we want to have a Parliament that has effective committees*. Jaanong dikomiti ke tsone tse. Kwa General Assembly *the expectation is that* re tlaa konela kgang ya dikomiti ka *Inter Parliamentary Bodies*. In terms of the provisions of your rules of order and procedure, there you will have to elect members into those committees. Those ones are not constituted by the Committee of Selection. Koo le ya go tlhopha. Ke tsaya gore le ntse le a ipaakanya Honourable Members. Go raya gore tse di 25.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Murmurs)...

MR SPEAKER: Order Honourable Members! Honourable Members, *re setse re tsere* 13 minutes, but you will have your full 45 minutes for questions. Let us proceed to the business of today and deal with questions.

QUESTIONS FOR ORAL ANSWER

CEDA LOANS

MR K. NKAWANA (SELEBI PHIKWE EAST): asked the Minister of Trade and Entrepreneurship to apprise this Honourable House on the number of Citizen Entrepreneurial Development Agency (CEDA) loans that were approved in Selebi Phikwe East in which Batswana were direct beneficiaries in the last five years.

ASSISTANT MINISTER OF TRADE AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP (MR MATHOOTHE): *Good afternoon Mr Speaker.* Mma ke go dumedise Mopalamente wa Selebi Phikwe East. Ke lebogele potso e o e boditseng, e o batlang go itse gore batho ba kgaolo ya Selebi Phikwe East ba thusitswe ka *loans* di le kae mo kgaolong yone ya Selebi Phikwe East ke ba CEDA.

Karabo e ntse jaana *Mr Speaker*; CEDA e thusitse dikgwebo di le 739 ka madi a selekanyo sa P113, 961, 446.40. Ke one madi a e leng gore ka tshoboko a tsene mo kgaolong ya Selebi Phikwe East go thusa dikgwebo kana go thusa Batswana ba ba neng ba batla go tsena mo dikgwebong gone kwa kgaolong ya Selebi Phikwe East. *Thank you Mr Speaker.*

IPELEGENG PROGRAMME

MR T. B. LUCAS (BOBIRWA): asked the Minister of Local Government and Traditional Affairs to state if:

- (i) he intends to keep the Ipelegeng programme and if so, how it will be transformed to ensure maximal benefit to its participants; and
- (ii) Government will consider reviewing the remuneration to participants of the programme upward.

MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS (MR MOTSHEGWA): Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Ke leboge *Shadow Minister* wa *Local Government* mo potsong e a e boditseng *Minister of Local Government*. Gongwe re ne re ka e thusanya. Ke tsaya gore ke yone *purpose* ya bo *shadow*. Legale ka bokhutshwane mma ke tlotle potso e e boditsweng ke Motlotlegi Mopalamente wa Bobirwa.

Karabo ke gore, go boammaaruri re na le maikaeleo a go tswelela re tshegeditse go nna teng ga lenaneo la Ipelegeng. Le tswelela jaana go na le tokafatso kana le phetolo ya gore go nne le nonotsho ya dikitso mo go



ba e leng gore ke ba ba berekang gone foo le ba ba ba tlhokometseng, *employees and supervisors*, ba neelwe dikitso tsa *technical skills* gammogo le diteng le bophara jwa yone tiro kana *the content and scope of the project*. Gore re fitlhelele se re le Goromenteng bogolo jang gone kwa *ministry* one o, re tlaa dira ditshekatsheko tse go tlaa nnang le morero kana therisanjo le banaleseabe kana *stakeholders* gore re tle re wele mo go se e leng gore re dumela gore ke ka fa e tokafaditsweng ka teng. Banaleseabe ba kana re ka raya *brigades, vocational training institutions*, Village Development Committees (VDCs) jalo le jalo.

Potsa ya bobedi gone mo potsong e e ne e le gore a mme re tlaa bona seemo se e leng gore go tlaabo go tokafadiwa dikatso tsone tsa ba Ipelegeng? *This transformation* kana diphetogo tse di tlaabong di noseditswe ke ditshekatsheko, di raya gone gore jaanong fa bophara jwa tiro bo oketsegile, le tsone dikatso di tlaabo di okeditswe. Ka jalo, ditshekatsheko ke tsone tse di tlaa thusang gore phetolo e ya dikatso e tlaabo e ntse jang. Re tlaa gakologelwa gore phathi ya UDC yone e e mo Goromenteng yone e dirile maitlambo le maikaelelo a gore lenaneo le dikatso ke P2500.00. Ka jalo, go raya gore re solo fela gore ditshekatsheko tse di bo di wetse pele ga sephatlo sa ngwaga o o latelang se fela. Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente.

MR LUCAS: *Supplementary.* Ke a leboga *Mr Speaker*. Ke a leboga Tona wa *Local Government and Traditional Authorities*. Kgang e ya Ipelegeng e gaufi thata le maikutlo ame, e seng ka gore ke rata Ipelegeng thata, e le ka gore ke a itse gore bontsi jwa batho bo tshela ka yone ka ga go na ditiro mo Botswana.

Mme ke re ke botse tse di latelang; Santlha e nne gore, gone kwa Ipelegeng mo bogompienong, ke raya e gongwe re ne re ka e dira ka bofeso, batho ba a bereka ba amogela madi ale a P600 ba bo ba neelwa bonnyennyanyanya e le borotho le fonanyana foo. Ke re, a mme Tona ga o ka ke wa re gongwe ka bofeso wa akanya...le fa le ntse le le mo ditshekatshekong, wa akanya gore, se e leng borotho joo le fonanyana, gongwe wa di fetola ya nna madi a tsena mo dituelong tse gore go tle go tlhatlose dituelo go sekaenyanya. Ka gore jaanong fona le borotho di felela di akolwa ke ba ba theogetseng, bana kwa lelwapeng ba le mo tlaleng e e gakgamatsang. Ke re a o ne o ka se ka wa akanyetsa go dira jalo ka bopelotlhomogi jwa gago jo ke bo itseng?

Sa bobedi rraetsho ke ntse ke utlwa ba ba kwa dikgaolong ba re, ka di *six* tsa ga *December*, Ipelegeng e a tswala, e tlaa tla e bulwa ngwaga o o tlang morago ga temo. Ke

re fa re lebile ka fa tlala e leng ntsi ka teng, o ne o ka se ka wa akanya o le Tona wa Puso e ntsha gore, a mme ka tlala e kalo ga se gore bogolo batho ba theogele ba tle ba kgone go bona borotho jwa keremose? Ka gore e seng jalo ke tlala fela rraetsho. Ke go itse thata o le motho yo o pelothonmogi rra.

HONOURABLE MEMBER: O itse jang?

MR LUCAS: Ke nname motho yo ke mo godisitse. Jaanong ya bofelo rraetsho ke re, o tle o e papamatse sentle e, gore o ne o re tsholofetso e ya Ipelegeng ke gore morago ga dikgwedi tse *six*, dikatso tse di tlaa ya kwa go P2,500 kana kwa go P4,000? Ke re o tlhamalale, o papamale ka eo ke e utlwe sentle. Ke a leboga.

MR MOTSHEGWA: Ke a leboga *Mr Speaker*. Mo go tse pedi tsa ntlha, e ne e le dikgakololo, gore fa re santse re emetse ditshekatsheko tse e leng gore ra re di tlaa wela mo sephatlong sa tshimologo ya ngwaga, a re ne re ka se ka ra akanya go tokafatsa gone mo go leng teng gore go neele batho ba seriti ka dikatso jalo. Ke tsaya gore fa mogopolo o ntse jalo, o bua ka matshelo a batho, ga gona yo o tshwanetseng gore a o gane. Bogolo fa o re yang go sekaseka le bone bomolemo jwa teng. Ke raya gore re amogela go dira ditshekatsheko tseo.

Ya bofelo o ne o re ke papamale gore a batho ba ba tlaabo ba amogela P2,500. Kana maitlambo a UDC e a dirileng fa e dira kgolagano le batho, bogolo jang re tsena mo ntlheng e, ke one a re reng re tlaa tswelela re a tshegetsa. Karabo ya me ke ne ke re, re ya go dira ditshekatsheko tsa gore batho ba jaanong tiro ya bone ya Ipelegeng e tshwanetse ya tlhabologa ka tsela e e ntseng jang, e se ka ya lebagana le jaaka ba ntse ba dira gompieno. Ke ne ke bua ka *the technical skills, the content and scope of the project*. Gone moo jaanong go ama le *the review* ya dituelo tsa bone, ke yone e ke neng ke wela ke re, before the end of March 2025 re tlaabo re na le direction that will include le tsone fees tsa bone to align to the pledges tsa UDC, which we are committed to.

MR SALESHANDO: *Supplementary.* Ke a go leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Tona ke ne ke re, a mo go sekasekeng, a le ka amogela gore dinako tse dingwe dikgaolo di nne le thulaganyo e e farologanang le tse dingwe, e se ka ya nna fela gore Ipelegeng e a tshwana bontsi jwa lefatshe? Sekai ke gore, kwa Ngamiland re na le mafelo a mantsi a batho ba ba agileng along the *buffalo fence*, e e leng gore fa e ole mathata a kgotlheng ya fa gare ga diphologolo le batho a oketsegan. Mo nakong e e fetileng fa re kopa gore a go ka dirwa



gore batho ba metse eo ba rutuntshiwe mo Ipelegeng bone e nne gore ba tlhokomele *fence*, go ne go le thata. A ke sengwe se le ka se akanyetsang gore se nne bontlha bongwe jwa Ipelegeng e tlaabong e fetotswe?

MR MOTSHEGWA: Nnyaa, ke tlaabo ke na le kuthwisiso e e mmopamo fa e kare go tla dikgakololo gore mo go tlhabololeng kana fa le dira ditshetsheko le ele tlhoko se, ka gore se ka solegela Batswana molemo. Ke raya gore ke kgakololo e e molemo, re a e amogela gore e nne bontlha bongwe jwa ditshekatsheko.

PRE-PAID WATER SCHEME

MR K. NKAWANA (SELEBI PHIKWE EAST): asked the Minister of Water and Human Settlement if he is aware that there are people in Selebi Phikwe who had pre-paid water before the scheme was discontinued and that such clients have not been refunded before the scheme was discontinued; if so:

- (i) what could be the cause of the delay; and
- (ii) what action does he intend to take to resolve the issue.

MINISTER OF WATER AND HUMAN SETTLEMENT (MR RAMOGAPI): Ke a leboga *Mr Speaker*; ke a leboga Motlotlegi Nkawana ka potso e, e a bo e le letshwenyego la batho motlotlegi. Ka boikokobetso *Honourable* Nkawana, ga gona dikopo dipe tse batho ba Selebi Phikwe East ba kileng ba di kopa, kana ba di tlhoka, kana ba kopa *to be refunded*. Dikopo tseo ga di yo. Mme le fa go ntse jalo, kana fa Motlotlegi Mopalamente a tlisa letshwenyego re a le sekaseka, jaaka ke ne ke bua le wena gore motlotlegi dipalopalo tsa rona ka kwano kana sebalamakgolo a rona ka kwano, se supa gore nnyaa, batho botlhe ba duetswe. Ke batla gore ka gore ba a utlwa re bua re le mo Palamenteng, fa e le gore gongwe go ka tswa go na le bangwe, ba itshupe ba ye kwa Water Utilities ba tlaa thusiwa, ka gore Water Utilities e na le tsamaiso e e siameng ya gore batho *can be refunded*. E bile gape le wena fa e le gore gongwe o ka ba fitlhela ka gore karabo ya re, nnyaa ga gona ope, sengwe le sengwe se siame, o ntshware gape, re Rue le bone gore mme kana ba bangwe ke ba, gongwe ba ne ba saletse kwa morago. *We are willing to help you Honourable Nkawana.* Ke a leboga.

MR NKAWANA: *Supplementary* Ke go leboge *Mr Speaker*; ke leboge Tona ka karabo ya gagwe. Gone re kile ra tsaya dikgang mabapi le potso e. Mme fela Tona

ke botsa gore a le na le *system that gauges* gore kana bangwe ba bone o ne a duela metsi go le letsatsi leno, P100/P200, e bo e re kamoso *system* e bo e kgaotswe? Jaanong ga gona *measurement* wa gore nnyaa wena o dirisitse go le go nnyennyane, *balance* ya gago ke bokana. Go na le batho ba mofuta oo ba ba yang kwa diofising ba bo ba sa neelwe karabo e e siameng, gore ba ba ntseng jalo, le ya go ba thusa jang? Ba bangwe ke ba diofisi o fitlhelang di sa tlhaloganye gore ba dire eng *and* ba romelwa kwa le kwa. A o mo seemong sa gore o ka ntsha taelo kwa lephateng le la gago la metsi gore ba leke go thusa batho, ba tsenele kwa teng mo ditlhothhomisong go na le go abelela fela gore, nnyaa re duetse batho? Mme batho ba ba le bantsi ba santse ba tshwere *tokens* mme ba sa dirisa metsi a teng. Ke a leboga.

MR RAMOGAPI: Ke a leboga *Honourable* Nkawana. Boammaaruri jwa kgang ke gore, re emetse gore fa bangwe batho ba ka tla, le taelo e re e ntshitseng re rile, a ba thusiwe, ka tota boammaaruri ke gore, fa motho a duetse a bo a sa dirise gotlhe, tsamaiso ke gore a thusiwe a busediwe madi a gagwe. Ga ba a ganana le rona, ba dumalane le rona gore, a batho ba tle go tle go tlhotlhomiwi gore a mme o na le sengwe, a bo a neelwa madi mangwe a bone a a ka tswang a setse. Ke sone se ke reng, fa e le gore ba ntse ba teng, ba supa jalo, a ba itshupe, le rona re ntshe taelo gore, jaanong ke eng le sa thuse batho ka gore batho ba itshupile gore ba teng. Ke a leboga *sir*.

MAJOR INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS IN MOLEPOLOLE

MR A. K. KHAN (MOLEPOLOLE NORTH): asked the Minister of Transport and Infrastructure to update this Honourable House on the status of the major infrastructure development projects in Molepolole; that includes the building of new police stations and refurbishment of the old Molepolole Police Station.

Later Date.

COMMUNITY BASED NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

MR K. C. HIKUAMA (MAUN WEST): asked the Minister of Lands and Agriculture to brief this Honourable House on the rationale for placing the Community Based Natural Resource Management services under his ministry and the desired outcomes; and to further state:



- (i) how he plans to make Community Based Trusts more productive and efficient; and
- (ii) how he will constitute the Technical Advisory Committee to ensure it provides necessary advice and technical skills needed to transform the Trusts to become resourceful and beneficial to the communities they are designed for.

MINISTER OF LANDS AND AGRICULTURE (DR CHIMBOMBI): Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Potso ke gore ke eng Lephata la CBNRM le isitswe kwa Lephateng la Lefatshe le Temothuo? Ke feta fela ka gore, ga se rona ba re le isitseng, kana ba re le kopetseng, mme legale *there is a relationship between* Community Based Natural Resources and Land Administration, hence the placing of CBNRM services under the Ministry of Lands and Agriculture.

Land Tenure security is key in access to land and the use of natural resources. My ministry is responsible for issuing of ... (Inaudible)... for the community trust, the trusts are also required to seek authority from the land authorities for any sub leasing and/or any land transaction that they may desire to enter into with any joint venture partner or financial institutions. They are placed under the Ministry responsible for Lands, therefore will provide a seamless undertaking for this crucial aspect of their operations.

Mr Speaker the second part, on how we will ensure that *re tokafatsa makgotla a*, the ministry will ensure that there is inclusivity, independence, capacity building and encouraging broader partnerships. Inclusivity Mr Speaker, we are looking at the CBNRMs being inclusive and not being exclusive to certain groups or people within the community. We know that some of these have been tried, but we are determined to increase them. Accountability, as well as collaborative and structured research so that the CBNRMs become better institutions.

Mo go ya boraro Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente ya gore, a re tla sekaseka go tlhoma a Technical Advisory Committee e e tlaa gakololang ka dikitsi mo makgotleng a. A CBNRM Bill has been drafted, it is at stakeholder consultation stage and it is expected to be brought to this House next year. Purpose of the Bill is to provide a framework within which communities will operate while keeping regulatory requirement in check, and also providing clarity on standards and accountability matters. The Bill will propose a fully flagged department as opposed to current arrangements

of a unit responsible for CBNRM. It is also hopefully defined roles of different stakeholders and define management of CBOs to enhance CBO security. *Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente.*

MR HIKUAMA: *Supplementary.* Ke a leboga Honourable Speaker, ke a leboga Tona. Potso tse ke neng re ke a di latedisa tsa *inclusivity* le *accountability* ke bona gore gongwe di tsile go felela mo goreng o tlaa tla ka Molao-kakanyetso o o tla lekang go itebaganya le seemo se le go tlhalosa gore di ya go bereka jang.

Tona, fa ke go botsa, kana fa ke tsena fa ka 2019 November, re ne ra sololetswa *draft*, re bolelwa gore go na le *draft Bill* e e tlang ya mofuta o. A mme ga e na go nna pina ya gago gape jaaka e nnile pina ya ba ba tsileng pele ga gago? *Draft Bill* e ga e bolo go arabiwa jaana, le Honourable Motsamai o a itse. O tla a dira jang gore *Bill* o re bolelele *timeframe* ya yone, ka gore *it is already there*, ke kgang ya go e tsaya fela a bo o e tlisa mo Palamenteng. O tla a e tlisa leng *specifically*, gore re se ka ra boeleta se se neng se boeleta ke phathi e e fetileng?

DR CHIMBOMBI: Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, ke rile ngwaga o o tlang, ga ke itse gore mokaulengwe o batla gore ke bue kgwedi kana... Palamente e na le lenaneo la lone le le sa laolweng ke nna ke le nosi. Palamente ya ngwaga o o tlang e simolola ka *Budget* ka *February*, fa e le gore go tla a nna le sebaka. Fa go sa nne le sebaka, nako ya go tlisa Bills ke Palamente ya *July*. Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente.

MR HIKUAMA: *Supplementary.* Ke a leboga nkgonne, nte ke botse ya bofelo. A mme *draft* e o setse o e bone, o dumalana le yone? Kana o santse o ya go e sekaseka?

MR SPEAKER: *O bone* draft Honourable Minister Chimbombi?

DR CHIMBOMBI: I have not studied the draft Mr Speaker. Once the consultations are over, *e tla tlisiwa*, apply my mind to it, *ke bo ke e tlisa ke dumalana le yone. Ke a leboga.*

COMPENSATION OF RELOCATED FAMILIES FROM CHOBE GAME RESERVE

MR S. O. MAPULANGA (CHOBE): asked the Minister of Lands and Agriculture to state:

- (i) whether Government compensated the families that were relocated during the establishment of Chobe Game Reserve and subsequently Chobe National Park between 1961 to 1968 and also from Palamaukuwe to the current Kasane location;



- (ii) the position of the affected families economically and how the Government intends to compensate for the loss of their ancestral lands; and
- (iii) whether Government will establish royalty life payments to such families for disposition.

MINISTER OF LANDS AND AGRICULTURE (DR CHIMBOMBI): Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, potso e Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, e botsa gore a batho ba ba neng ba ntshwa kwa nneng ba agile teng... go simolotse e le Chobe Game Reserve e bo e nna Chobe National Park e tlhongwa, a ba ne ba phimolwa dikeledi?

Karabo Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente ke gore, fa Chobe Game Reserve e e neng ya tla ya nna Chobe National Park e tlhongwa ka ngwaga wa 1961 go ya go tsena ka ngwaga wa 1968, batho fela ba gotweng ka kitso e re e boneng, ba ba neng ba le koo ke ba ba neng ba le kwa Serondela, gatwe ba bereka mo *company* ya Timber. Ga re a bona sepe se se supang gore go ne go na le batho bape ba bangwe, ba ba sutisitsweng gore Chobe Game Reserve le Chobe National Park di tlhomuwe.

Ntlha ya bobedi e botsa gore a re itse ka seemo sa malwapa ao? Ka ke rile ga re ba itse Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, go raya gone gore tota ga ke ka ke ka itse ka seemo sa bone ka se re se boneng ga se supe fa go ne go na le bape ba ba neng ba agile koo.

Ya bofelo e botsa gore, a Goromente o tlaa duela mo gotweng *royalties*, ga ke itse gore *royalty* ke eng ka Setswana, go dirwa le kwa meepong jalojalo. Karabo Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente ke gore, Botswana jaaka lefatshe, ga re na *policy* ya go duela *royalties*. Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente.

MR MAPULANGA: *Supplementary.* Ke a go leboga Mr Speaker. Ke dumela gore Minister go tlaa re a boele kwa Records and Archives a ye go nna *informed* thata, ka gore matlotla a bo Khoizumba *is recorded*. The families that were disposed ba teng. Potso ke gore a Tona o bolelala Botswana kana batho ba Chobe gore information e a re e neelang fa, even if we were to do a forensic it is not distorted, because the records are there, and the families are existing in their generations? A o a tlhomamisa gore information e a re e neelang le fa re ka e tlhomamisa for forensics, e ya go supa gore ke boammaruri?

MR SPEAKER: Do you confirm the accuracy of your answer Honourable Chimbombi, that is what he is asking.

DR CHIMBOMBI: Yes Mr Speaker, with the information available before me. Lefoko la forensic le tsena jang? Kana malatsing a le raya dilo tse dintsi tse ke sa di itseng. Ka kitso e ke e bonyeng e e fa pele ga me, ke tlhomamisa boammaaruri jwa kgang e. Ke ne ke sa batle go tsena mo dikgannyeng tse dingwe tse di sa re thuseng. Gatwe ba bangwe ba ba neng ba ya ke booRa Mlazie, mme ba ne ba ya ka bodiredi jwa bongaka.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Murmurs)...

DR CHIMBOMBI: That is the information I got, bongaka jwa Sekgoa le setso. Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, ka information e ke e bonyeng, both from the archives and kwa ofising, ke bua e le ga boammaaruri. Fa mokaulengwe a na le information, gakere ga go a tshwanela go tshwenya Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, o ka e tlisa ya sekwasekwa ga bonwa gore boammaaruri bo fa kae. Ke a leboga.

ALLOCATION OF PLOTS IN MOLEPOLOLE NORTH

MR A. K. KHAN (MOLEPOLOLE NORTH): asked the Minister of Lands and Agriculture to update this Honourable House on:

- (i) progress in the allocation of residence and commercial plots in Molepolole North Constituency; and
- (ii) the waiting list and expected timeframe for addressing the problem, especially the waiting list.

MINISTER OF LANDS AND AGRICULTURE (DR CHIMBOMBI): Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente.

(i) Mr Speaker, the number of plots that have been targeted for allocation in Molepolole North Constituency is 1,908 residential plots and 134 business plots located in Suping Ward. Furthermore, 395 plots are located at Mogonono village. The layouts have been surveyed and currently at examination stage. It is anticipated that the plots will be allocated during the fourth quarter of the financial year 2024/2025, that is starting early next year. Mr Speaker, the allocation of business plots will be through a competitive tendering process which is also expected to commence in the last quarter of 2024/2025.

- (ii) The waiting list currently stands at 16,384 which covers both Molepolole North and Molepolole South Constituencies. The waiting list will be addressed through the acquisition of land as guided by the Molepolole Development Plan. *Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente.*

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE OF HEADMEN OF ARBITRATION

MR T. B. LUCAS (BOBIRWA): asked the Minister of Local Government and Traditional Affairs to state if Government has any intention to review the conditions of service of Headmen of Arbitration and if so, indicate the specific areas of review that shall form the major focus of review.

MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS (MR MOTSHEGWA): Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Mma ke beeble potso e direpudi go supa gore tiro e ya bo Rralekgotla e simologile jaana e le gore e tlhomia go ya ka Mokwalotaelo wa ga Tautona wa ngwaga wa 2002 ka March 13 go sena go dirwa ditshekatsheko tsa gore seabe sa bone e ka nna eng gone kwa Dikgotlaneng.

Seelo le selebego sa tiro ya bo Rralekgotla ba ke gore ba dira tiro ya tetlanyotshwetso kwa Dikgotleng kana Dikgotlana tsa bone go netefatsa gore go nna le thitibalo le ledula mo morafeng wa bone. Jaaka go itsege ka tsamaiso kana molao wa Setswana, tiro ya bo Rralekgotla e mo ditsamaisong tsa Setswana, mme tsamaiso ya tiro ya bone ke gore ba bereka malatsi a le mabedi mo bekeng, mme ba na le tettlesego ya gore ba ka tsaya malatsi a boikhutso mo ngwageng a sa fete lesome. Ba letlesega gore ba ka tsaya malatsi a le lesome le bobedi e le a boikhutso, bogolo jang ka nako ya temo le thobo. Kgangkgolo e ne e le gore a mabaka a bone a perek a tlaa tokafadiwa mo tsamaong ya nako, karabo ke gore gompieno ba santse ba le mo *Scale* sa B2 kwa tlase ga sone, mme e tlaa re mo tsamaong ya nako fela jaaka badiredi bottle ba setshaba, fa ditshekatsheko di ka supa gore ba tshwanetse ba tokafaletswe mabaka a bone a perek le dituelo, go tlaa nna jalo go le maleba. Mo bogompienong seemo se ntse jalo go lebeletswe bokete le seelo sa tiro ya bone. Ke a leboga Motlotlegi Mopalamente.

MR LUCAS: *Supplementary.* Ke a leboga Tona. Ke ne ke re gongwe re simolole fela fa re reng golo fa go kgang. Kgang ke gore a mme bo *Headmen of Arbitration* ka Sekgoa, batho ba go ya ka wena Tona,

ka gore kgang e ba e bua gantsi, ke Dikgosi tsa tetlanyo kgotsa ke bo Rralekgotla? Kana go ntwayana golo fa, o tle o e tlhatswe sentle gore ka fa wena o bonang ka teng le mmuso o mosha, batho ba ke Dikgosi kgotsa ke bo Rralekgotla, ba bangwe ba itse ba re bone kana ke Dikgosi tsa Tetlanyo. Jaanong ba re gore o bo o ba bitsa Rralekgotla, ke lenyatso ka gore bo Rralekgotla ba teng, bone ke bo rrangwane ba bone le ba bangwe. E le ya nthla eo.

Ya bobedi ke ya bodiredi jwa bone, kana batho ba ba dira tiro e tona, mme fa gongwe motho o ka ipotsa gore a mme Tona ga o bone gongwe go tlhokafala gore fa ba direlang teng go nne le moritinyana go bo go nne le ntlwana ya boithomelo e e ka reng fa ba etetswe ke batho foo ba kgone gore ba ithuse, e le bontla bongwe jwa go tlhabolola ka fa ba berekang ka teng? Ke a itumela rraetsho gore wa re e tlaa re go ntse go sekwasekwa gongwe ba atswiwe botoka go tswa mo B2 go ya kwa *scale* se se botoka. Ke a leboga.

MR MOTSHEGWA: Mo go ya nthla ya gore a ke bo Rralekgotla kana ke bo *Headmen of Arbitration*, kana mo gongwe ke Setswana mo gongwe ke Sekgoa, jaanong ga ke tseye gore bo Rralekgotla ke go nyatseg, jaaka ke itse gore Motlotlegi Lucas ke Rralekgotla kwa Bobonong, ga ke tseye gore ba a bo ba mo nyatsa fa ba rialo.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Laughter!...)

MR MOTSHEGWA: Jaanong mme tsamaiso ke gore jaaka ke ne ke supile, bo *Headmen of Arbitration* ba ne ba nna teng go ya ka *the Presidential Directive Cab. 8 of 2022*. Fa go sena go dirwa ditshekatsheko ga bo go nna le *the Memo* wa Cab. 8 ka 13th March 2022. Ke sone se ke reng gongwe e ka nna tiriso fela ya maina, mme re remelele mo go reng seabe sa tiro ya bone ke eng, e ke reng ke go netefatsa gore fa go na le dikgotlheng ba a letlanya gore go nne le thitibalo le ledula. Ke raya gore kgangkgolo gongwe e se ka ya nna maina. Go ya ka mokwalo o ke o tlhalosang wa *Cabinet, they are recognised as Headmen of Arbitration*.

Ya bofelo o ne o re a ba ka se ka ba bonelwa moriti kana matlwana a boithomelo fa go ntse go tsweletse, e tlaabo e le motho yo o setlhogo fa e re go buiwa gore batho ba ka se ka ba bonelwa matlwana a boithomelo a ba a ganetsana le sone seo, ka gore potso e ka nna gore ke ba dire eng. Ke raya gore ke kgakololo fela e e tsamaelanang le ditshwanelo tsa batho le go tsaya batho sentle.



KACHIKAU CLINIC

MR S. O. MAPULANGA (CHOBE): asked the Minister of Health to confirm when he intends to put Kachikau Clinic to full operational capacity with a mortuary attendant and certifying doctors and radiographer.

MINISTER OF HEALTH (DR MODISE): Mr Speaker, Kachikau Clinic is currently operational with a staff complement of 20 professionals (one doctor, one laboratory technician and 18 nurses), providing among other services, outpatient and maternity services. Out of the 18 nurses, four include midwives.

They have nine tray mortuary which at the moment is not fully functional due to issues of temperature control and these issues are currently being attended to. It is envisioned that upon completion, it will fully service Kachikau and the surrounding areas. A temporary mortuary attendant has been employed and plans to appoint a permanent one by the end of November are underway.

Plans are also underway to increase the number of Radiographers in the district as currently there is only one. I must hasten to add Mr Speaker, that the issue of lack of Radiographers is an issue that is nationwide and we are doing our best to ameliorate the situation by;

- (1) Training
- (2) Getting the list of those that are currently in training and about to complete with a view of sending some to Kachikau.

Maybe through you Honourable Mapulanga, I may apologise to the people of Chobe as it seems the Kachikau clinic from my assessment is a big facility that has not worked to optimum capacity since it was built. So, *o se ka wa gakgamala rraetsho ke go kopa gore o mpate re ye* Kachikau to try and get our people the services they need. I thank you Mr Speaker.

STATE OF TEMPORARY AND FREELANCE WORKERS IN DBS

MR G. KEKGONEGILE (MAUN EAST): asked the Minister for State President to brief this Honourable House on the state of temporary and freelance workers in the Department of Broadcasting Services, and in particular:

- (i) the total number of temporary and freelance workers in the Department;

- (ii) how long have they been engaged individually;
- (iii) if there are any plans to absorb them on a permanent basis, and if so, when;
- (iv) if any of them are owed wages or benefits, if so, for how long and when will they be paid; and
- (v) what mitigating factors are in place to prevent such occurrences in future.

Later Date.

GOVERNMENT'S FAILURE TO PAY SUPPLIERS

DR U. DOW (KGATLENG WEST): asked the Minister of Finance if he is aware that many businesses are being financially crippled by Government's failure to pay for services rendered and/or goods supplied and more specifically whether he would consider:

- (i) this problem to be so important and urgent to as to form part of the Government's 100 day commitments;
- (ii) proposing to the Botswana Unified Revenue Service (BURS) that it takes Government's debt to businesses, when deciding whether or not to issue Tax Clearance Certificates; and
- (iii) making a statement to this Honourable House on this very important matter.

MINISTER OF FINANCE (MR GAOLATHE): Thank you Mr Speaker. Thank you Honourable Judge. The answer is long. So, I will summarise it. The answer to your question whether I am aware of Government's failure to pay for services cripples businesses, especially small businesses, I am aware of that. In fact, I am troubled by it and this is something that needs to be resolved almost immediately. It is our vision and hope that this Government becomes a Government that encourages businesses, catalyses the development of businesses, nudges businesses, builds businesses to become global businesses, that is our hope and that is what we will be working towards.

Specifically to answer your question whether this problem warrants being part of the 100 day problem solving; absolutely, it will be within the 100 days that we will come to the bottom of this problem.



The second part of your question is, would we consider this proposal that debt to businesses by Government is considered when deciding whether or not to issue clearance certificates, in terms of the law, there is a criteria that is being used and that criteria where there is a tax liability includes where it is feasible and willingness agreeing on a payment plan. So, in an indirect kind of way, the problem of Government debt to businesses is taken into consideration, but it is not explicit, it is in an indirect way.

So, the request here is whether we would consider making it explicit, that requires a change of the law, but it can be made explicit through a change in mind-set and the way we do things. If we are serious about changing mind-sets, building, nudging and empowering businesses, the fact that Government owes businesses means that, that always has to be factored in that process.

The third question, whether we will consider making a statement about this and other economic issues, the answer is not only will we consider it, we will make a statement hopefully next week.

DR DOW: Supplementary. Thank you Your Honour the Vice President for that answer and commitment. In considering what to do next about this very important problem Your Honour, and considering that really businesses across this country are suffering when Government does not pay them, especially small businesses like you say, especially in the hospitality area, particularly the case and I would say the Ministry of Health being one of the biggest offenders in this respect, do you not think even a small committee, cross-cutting committees of ministries could come together and really see how these businesses can be assisted? They are unable to pay salaries, they have to go to labour offices. Some of them to try to restructure and because they have no income, they cannot even pay for the tax like I said and because of that, then they cannot even get tax clearance so that they can do more business. So, I would ask again, would Your Honour consider putting together a cross-cutting ministerial committee or some kind of committee to look at the extent of this problem and perhaps to come up with how can it be dealt with? I thank you, Mr Speaker. I thank you Your Honour.

MR GAOLATHE: Thank you Madam. I did indicate that we will be putting together all sorts of high performance cross-functional teams to solve all sorts of problems that we are looking at as the new Government. So, the answer to your question is, the specific request

that you are making will not necessarily result in a specific cross-functional team for that specific problem. But what I can assure you is that this problem will fall into one of the specific cross-functional teams that are dealing with the larger problem of catalysing, empowering and building businesses.

MR FURNITURE: *Further supplementary.* Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Ke ne ke re Tona gongwe a tlhalose gore tota go tlhoka go duela dikgwebo tse e le Puso, mabaka a a neng re ntse re a utlwa kwa morago ke gone gore ke bothata jwa Government Accounting and Budgeting System (GABS). Gongwe a a ropame a tlhalosetse Batswana le Ntlo e gore a mme ke boammaaruri gore Goromente o palelwa ke go duela ka mabaka a GABS kana ke seipato fela?

MR GAOLATHE: Well, the problem or failure to pay is of course deep and there are many reasons around it. Failure to pay, there is a chain of processes and what I can say to you is that the current processes in Government; non-accounting processes, accounting processes, GABS itself, our payment system, our payment architecture in general is not adequate. For us to solve this problem, we need to tackle the full length of the chain. We are doing different things at different levels of that chain. The Bank of Botswana is working very hard, they are dealing with modernising our overall payment architecture to improve payment systems in general.

Going into the future, we are looking at GABS which is inadequate. We are even looking at possibility of open software, problems of Government processes themselves. There are so many bottlenecks that have to be looked at. So the reason is a whole host along a full chain and you cannot solve the problem by looking at only one part of the chain, we are looking at all parts of the chain and working very hard to solve at every level of the chain.

RESPONSE TO THE PRESIDENT SPEECH

Motion

(Resumed Debate)

MR SPEAKER: The debate on this Motion is resuming. When the House adjourned yesterday, Honourable Bogatsu, Member for Lentsweletau-Lephephe was on the floor and he was left with 22 minutes 55 seconds.



MR BOGATSU (LENTSWELETAU-LEPHEPHE):

Mma ke go leboge Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Maabane fa o nkemisa ke ne ke santse ke bua ka *self-reliance and development* ka gore ke tlhaloso e ke ka buang ka yone gore fa o bua ka *self-reliance*, o bua ka go ikemela ka nosi kana ka go ikgona. Segolo jang re lebile mo go ntsheng dijo ka gore mo lefatsheng la rona mo lebakeng le lelelele re tsaya dijo go tswa kwa mafatsheng a sele. Kana mme *self-reliance*...

DR DOW: On a point of procedure. A small matter Mr Speaker, *ke tsaya gore o kare* the time is frozen at 40. I believe he has less than 30 minutes. Thank you.

MR SPEAKER: *Thank you Mother of the House.* E re e dirisang ke ele e o ka reng television e e fa tlase. Jaanong ba na le bo *technique* jwa teng jwa gore fa ba e tobetsa e kgonna go ya kwa metsotsong e e leng yone. *That will be taken care of. Thank you Honourable Dow.*

MR BOGATSU: Tanki Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Ba tlaa nthoba ba nkitshitse mo moweng.

Ke ne ke santse ke re ke bua ka Matona ba Thuto gore fa re bua ka *self-reliance*, kana re ka e bona fela *through education*; fa thuto e le gore e lebile gone gore Batswana re tle re ikgone ka go itirela. Jaanong thuto ke yone konokono gore re tle re goroge kwa *self-reliance*. Go raya gore re ya go tsenya mekgwa e mesha ya temo ya go itirela dijo re ruta batho tse di tlhokafalang gore ba tle ba itse, re tle re kgone go bona *self-reliance* e re buang ka yone. *We achieve it through education and training.* Ke gone re ka kgonang *self-reliance*.

Mo bogompienong re santse re kopa mme gatwe rotse la makopswa ga le na kgodu. E bile rona kwa UDC, e rile fa re ipapatsa mo bathong, ra ba raya ra re ya rona itholelo ke e e berekelang botlhe. Jaanong ke gakolole bagaetsho ke re, gatwe ‘nko ya kgomo mogala tshwarwa ka thata e se re o utlwa sebodu wa kgaoga.’ Re itse gore re reile batho ra re re ya go dira, a re yeng go tswelela re dire re tle re kgone *self-reliance*.

Fa re bua ka ditlhabololo ke tsaya gore re bua ditlhabololo tse di tlileng go re akaretsa ba rotlhe. Mathata a ke a lemogileng ke gore gantsi re tsaya batho ba ba sa lekanyeng, re bo re ba lekalekanya. *The problem is that we treat unequally people equally and then most of the time ba bantsi ba bewa ka fa mosing.* Ke dumela gore mo Pusong ya rona ya UDC, *we will go for equitable distribution of resources* gore mongwe le mongwe kwa a leng teng a nne le seabe mo itholelong

e. Ke bua jaana ka gore mo kgaolong e ke tswang kwa go yone ya Lentsweletau-Lephelpe, ga gona le fa e le tlhabololo epe e e diragalang. Ke kgaolo fela e e leshekere, batho ba wetswe ke mmopamo, lehuma. Go botlhoko mo kgaolong ele. Pele e ne e re fa re rutwa kwa dikoleng, e ne e re *when classifying* dikgaolo ka lehuma, *Number 1* re ne re tewa gotwe ke Kgalagadi, *Number 2* ke Kweneng West, ntebo ba dirile phoso. *Number 1* ke Lentsweletau-Lephelpe ka gore ke e ke tsamayang kwa go yone, ke bona lehuma tota le leshekere gore fa gotwe tlala go tewa eng.

Ga ke batle go diega mo go tse tsa ga Tautona mme e e nkgatlhileng e a neng a bua ka yone a re go tlaa tsamaiwa mo dikgaolong go reediwa batho. Go botlhokwa gore motho a nne le karolo mo go tseo tse a di eletsang. O ye go utlwa ka ene ka gore gantsi re akanyetsa batho, ga re akanye le batho. Re bo re felela re neela batho tse ba sa di batleng, go bo go felela go sa nne jaaka re ne re eleditse ka gore moo e ne e se ditshwenyego tsa bone. Fa o batla go tlhaloganya ka mathata a batho, ya ka bathong. Fa o batla go utlwa ka mathata a tlala le lehuma gore o ka le fedisa jang, ya kwa batho. Ke bone bommantswitswidi ba lehuma, le a ba babalela, ke bone ba tshelelang mo go lone.

Ke kile ka bona nako nngwe mo Matlho-a-Phage go buiwa ka dikgang tse tsa lehuma. Nako ya teng Botswana National Front (BNF) e ne e emetswe ke Rre Magama, Botswana Congress Party (BCP) e ne e emetswe ke Honourable Taolo Lucas. Yo o neng a tswa phathing ele a re re santse re ya go ithuta gore lehuma ke eng, e tlaa re go tsweng foo jaanong re ye go akanya. Ka re ba ne ba sa ntseeleng, ke nna ka ya go tsena foo ka gore lehuma le tlhalogangwa ke motho yo o tsheletseng mo go lone. *You need to have gone through poverty to understand it.* Jaanong fa o ise o ko o nne mo lehumeng, o ya go le tlhaloganya jang ka gore ga o le itse? E bile fa o batla to solve mathata a lehuma botsa bone bahumanegi, *they have the answers.* O se ka wa tlholo o ya gope kwa kgakala. Jaanong rona ba UDC batho ba na le tsholofelo e ntsi, *statement* sa ga Tautona se file batho tsholofelo, ke santse ke re *let us not disappoint.* Re ipeetse tiro e e bokete thata mme re tshwanetse gore re emelele ka dinao. Gatwe mmatla kgomo kodumela o etse mmatla sediba. Re tlie go kgonna, ga gona jaaka go ka pala.

Mme ke tseneng mo go tsa kgaolo e ke tswang kwa go yone. Kgaolo ele e lehuma, ga e na ditsela, dipatela le dikole. Mme ke bue ka dikole, *madam wa primary* ga a yo fale ke mo fe sekai ka dikole tsa Kopong. Molefhe



Primary School; *roll 1 265*. Mo *roll e ya 1 265*, 10 classes ba rutelwa kwa ntle *permanently*. O ya kwa Letsholo Primary School, *it is 980 in a roll. In that roll, all classes except Standard 1 and Standard 7* di rutelwa outside mme e le *a shifting school*. Ga ke bone Tona, go tlaa re a tsamaye a ye go bona bothata jo bo kwa Letsholo Primary School.

Obo o ya Kopong Community Junior Secondary School; ba kwa go 870. Ba fetiwa ke di *primary* ka *roll* mme ba tshwere *infrastructure* ya 15 *stream school; there are about 34 classes, e seng classrooms. Classrooms are very less* mme ngwaga o *they are expecting 305 Form 1s*. Mo go rayang gore *it is another 10 classes. So* le gone koo ke bothata jo bo utlwisang bothhoko. Mothusa Tona o dule le ene, go tlaa re ka Kopong ke fa fela, motho a ba kgwakgwaetse ba ye go bona se se diraglang kwa kgaolong ele ka mathlo. *Other schools of course they are better; they are not fine, go makgasa a a hutufsatsang. At least* kwa Makgasane kwa Lentsweletau *there is maintenance ongoing*. Lentsweletau Primary School ke selelo le khuranyo ya meno. Ke ne ke re, re itse gore re na le mathata.

Ditsela; rona ga re na ditsela kwa ga rona. Ke letse ke kile ka ama kgang ya ditsela maabane. Leba ka tsela e le *one* fela e e tswang kwa Gakuto. Batho ba tsaya gore e tswa kwa Gakuto e ya Kopong. Tsela eo ga e ye Gakuto. E simolola kwa A1 e tlola ka Bokaa, e felela kwa Jwaneng fa re ne re e tlhaloganya. E bile tsela eo e fokoletsa *Honourable Mabuse Pule distance* ya go ya Jwaneng ka 70 kilometres (km), fa e ne e ka baakanngwa ya kgabaganya e tsamaya e ya gone kwa. Jaanong le ene Tona wa Ditsela ga ke mmone fa, mme ke dikgang tse re tshwanetseng go di bua le bone. Re bone gore ba ya go di baakanya ka tsela e e ntseng jang.

Ke sa tswa go bua ka lehuma mo kgaolong eo. Ke kgaolo e e utlwisang bothhoko. Go lehuma le leshekere, ga go na ditiro. Fa re tsamaya re ipapatsa, ra fitlhela bana, *school going age*, ba le mo malwapeng ba sa ya sekoleng. Mathata e le gore batsadi ga ba na madi a go duela *transport* gore bana ba pagame mo dikgaolong tse di kwa teng tseo, ba ye sekoleng kwa Motswakhumo. Ke mathata a re a fitlhelang. Bana ga ba tlogele sekole ka gore ga ba se rate, batsadi ba a palelwa. Ba bangwe ba isiwa ka dikara tsa ditonki kwa dikoleng, selo se e leng gore nna ga se ntseye sentle. Fa re santse re le kwa sekoleng, go ne go na le selo gotwe *culture capital*, gotwe *it is the dominant culture in a school*. Fa ngwana a tsena kwa sekoleng, *we introduced that child to the*

new culture of the school e e ba lekalekanyang. Ke yone e o bonang bana re ba apesa *uniform* gore lehuma la batsadi ba bana, le se ka la *reflect* mo baneng fa ba tsena kwa sekoleng. Fa o santse o ba tsaya ka dikara tsa ditonki, go raya gore *you are defeating the whole purpose of culture capital*. Ba a tshwana ke bahumanegi, ba bona gore yo ke wa mohumanegi, yo ke wa mohumi. Se re neng re re leka go se thiba. Matona ba Thuto, ke kopa gore tsamayang le ye *to cancel* mogopolo oo wa go rwala bana ka dikara tsa ditonki ba ya dikoleng. Fa e le sengwe, a go batliwe mongwe ka bo mmaofit kana vans ba di tsenye *canopies, benches*, bana ba palame ba ye sekoleng. Le bone e re fa ba fologa, ba ikutlwae ba le motlotlo. E re fa ba bangwe ba folosiwa ke batsadi ba bone, le bone ba bo ba folosiwa ke dikoloi tse di hirilweng ke batsadi ba bone kana ke Puso.

Ga go ditiro, bana ba mo malwapeng. Go na le kgaolo...

ASSISTANT MINISTER OF WATER AND HUMAN SETTLEMENT (MR MOTSAMAI): *Elucidation*. Ke a leboga Mr Speaker. Mma ke go leboge Mopalamente. Kgang e o e buang tota e rotha thata mo pelong ya me. Se o se buang ke gore, dikgang tse di ntseng di tsweletse di diragala, di tsibogelwe ka bonako jwa nnale. Tsone dikgang tse o di buang tse, dikgaolo tsa rona tsa tennyantateng, di amile matshelo a bana le batsadi lebaka le le leele. Fa e le gore ga di tsibogelwe, go tlaa nna le bothata. Ke e kopanya le mogopolo wa gago wa gore go fetswe dikara tsa ditonki. O kgathala gape le ka matshelo a leruo jaaka ditonki. Ditonki tseo di gogetse dikara ruri, di a bopama, di na le dintho gongwe le gongwe. Ke dikgang tse di amogelesegang rraetsho. Ke a leboga.

MR BOGATSU: Tanki *Honourable Motsamai*. Ke a itumela ka gore o Tona, o tsena *Cabinet*. E re fa o na le bone, dikgang tse o di bue. Tona wa Thuto ke gone a tsenang, di tlaa goroga kwa go ene dikgang tse re buang ka tsone gore seemo sa thuto se utlwisa botlhoko. Kara eo ga e tseye bana sentle. Fa o ba tsaya senepe, ba a batalela. Ba a bona gore ba seemo se se kwa tlase.

Mma ke fete, ke ne ke santse ke re, go na le kgaolo e bidiwa gotwe Lebososhale. Fa o batla go bona lehuma le ronka le tsamaya ka dinao, o ye kwa kgaolong eo. E ne e re fa gongwe re tsamaya mo go yone re ipapatsa, o bo o boe nako e ise e tshaye, o aperwe ke bohutsana ka se o se bonang se diragala. Kwa o fitlhelang go santse go setlwa motsotsojane ka kika, e le one dijo tsa letsatsi. Ke kopa gore re tsibogele dikgang tseo. Batho ba mo lehumeng le le utlwisang botlhoko. Ga go ditiro dipe,



bana ba mo malwapeng mme ba tshwere ditlankana. Fa o bua ka batho ba ba batlang badisa, ba itse gore badisa ba tswa kwa Kweneng. Kweneng ke kgaolo e nngwe e potile Medie ka kwa. Ba go raya ba re, fa o batla modisa, ya Kweneng. Ke yone tiro fela e e ka berekiwang. Jaanong ke re bagaetsho, a re emeng ka dinao. Mananeo a re a buang a rona a UDC gore re tlao tlhabolola Ipelegeng ya gompieno re e dira botoka, kwa bofelong re e fetole e nne *Public Works*, o itse o kare go ka diragala. Ke tsone tse ke dumelang gore di ka ntsha batho mo lehumeng.

Gape fa o leba kgaolo ya rona ya Lebososhale, e na le *high potential* ya *tourism, agro-tourism* kana *eco-tourism*, gotlhe go gontsi. Ba na le sengwe le sengwe. Ba na le matsha a le mane kana *five*, ke la Mokokong, Shadishadi, Lephephe, Kokonje, matsha fela a mantsintsi. Ba bo ba boa gape ba nna le *forestry* e gotweng Thotayamarula. E sale e agelelwa bogologolo, e bo e tlogelwa fela e ntse jalo. *It cannot be exploited and promote agro tourism.* Tota gone go ka diragala fa re ne re ka tlhwaafalela go fetola matshelo. *I do not want to talk about the past regime, gompieno ke rona gakere ba re busang, re bone gore re ya go tlhabolola ka tsela e e ntseg jang.*

Batho bale gape ba na le Sengaparile, ba a se epa. Batho ba se tsaya mahala mo go bone. Go ne go ka nna jang fa re ne re ka ya *to access, gongwe ga nna le that project* ya Sengaparile koo. Ba se epa sa omisiwa, sa dirwa dipilisi, sa dirwa melelo ga tswa e le *a complete package*. Ba ka tswa mo lehumeng. Fa o tla kwa ke thota ya marula, go marula mantsi gone kwa. Gatwe marula a dira *juice, melora, dilo tse tsotlhe mme ga go diragale sepe.*

Mma ke bue ka ya Medie-Kweneng, go na le *mine* wa magala o o berekang. Motho o ne a ka botsa Tona ya Meepo gore *what is its social responsibility to the community* ya gone kwa? Re bona batho ba ba epang magala ba a rwala ka diteraka, a tlola melelwane. Ga re re itse gore a ya Namibia kana a ya Aferika Borwa ka gore re bona diteraka go feta fela di rwele. Go le lerole le le utlwisang bothhoko le le seng kana ka sepe. Matlo a batho a thubegile. Ke kile ka utlwalela... Rre Gobotswang o ne a dikologa dijarata e le gore o bua le motho o mo lebile ka *crack* ya ntlo. Matlo a a thubiwa ke *blasting* e e diragalang kwa moepong. Fa a ne a le fa, ke ka bo ke mmotsa gore *how is she going to compensate* batho ba ba senyegelwang mo go kanakana?

Go monko o o maswe o o tswang kwa fa go thuntshiwa kwa. Re ne re tlaa botsa gore a mme one monko o o siametse matshelo a batho? Lerole, masimo a a ka kwa

ale, ga go na se se jewang mo teng ka gore ga go na tsela ya sekonomotere. Lerole le le tswang mo tseleng le pagama masimo a batho. Batho ga ba leme, ga ba tlhape ka gore le fa o re o a tlhapa, ke go itapisa fela. Ga o tlhape, ga o tlhatswe. Ke seemo se re se fitlhelang kwa ka gore *mine* o e rile fa o ya go bulwa, o ne o sa baakanyediwa. Go tswa go dirwa fela, go bo go tswelela go ntse jalo. Ke bone bohutsana jo re iphitlhelang re le mo go jone bagaetsho.

Bagaetsho, ke kile ka bala *document* e nngwe jaana ya World Bank ya 2000 to 2001, e e buang ka *attacking poverty. Title* ya teng gatwe Voices of the Poor, which is very important gore re se dire re le batho. E nne e re dinako tse dingwe re ya go kopana le batho ba ba ga rona, bahumanegi, re nna le bone fa fatshe, re ba botsa gore mme botshelo le bo bona jang, le batla eng. *Those people* ba na le dikarabo. Mathata a a lebaganeng le bone, they are poverty experts. Ba tlao go bolelela gore *they do not need charity, they need opportunities to access resources* gore le bone ba tle ba itirele, ba tswe mo lehumeng. Rona re tsaya gore nnyaa, fa e re gotwe go leuba re bo re taboga re neela batho, a re gakologelweng gore lehuma mo lefatsheng le ga se *accident, it is a natural phenomenal.* Le diragala kgapetsakgapsa. Le expose fela our lack of preparedness ka gore fa le tla, o kare ga re a le ipaakanyetsa. Re a itse gore ngwaga le ngwaga mo Botswana ke leuba, re dira eng to deceive this?

Mafatshe a go neng go buiwa ka one a bogologolo a The Middle East le bone bo Britain, ba ne ba le *isolated by some natural barriers.* Britain ene go ne gotwe ke splendid isolation, e e neng e ikganeletse kwa e le nosi e tlhabologa e le nosi ka boyone. Ba ne ba le mo dikakeng, go ne go sena kwa ba yang teng. They have to depend on what they can do for themselves. Why can we not be like them? Ke eng re rata gore nako le nako e bo e le gore re ba re kopang, ba re nnang re fiwa? Ga go re ise gope, go re beile golo go le gongwefela.

Jaanong ke nako ya gore re itseye stock re le ba UDC, mme a re gakologelweng gore *the answer to every problem lies in education.* Gatwe the type of education provided by a country depends on what the Government of the day intends to achieve by that education. Fa o batla thuto e e ntshang bahumanegi, e tlie go go fa bahumanegi, mme fa o batla thuto e e ntshang batho ba ba nang le boleng, ba ba nang le khumo, e tlao go fa batho bao. Ka gore you plan your education looking at the needs of the country. Jaanong ke ne ke kopa Matona

a Thuto, Comrade Hunyepa le Mme Nono ka fale, ke a le bona le teng, a re akanyetseng *education* ya rona go ya le *the needs of the country*, re tle re bone gore jaanong fa re tsamaya jalo, a re tlile go tswelala re ntse jaaka re ntse jaana. A re ntsheng batho ba ba nang le boleng ba e leng gore e kare kamoso lefatshe le ba le isa golo gongwe.

Metsi, ga go na metsi, tonki e a sotlega. Ga go na metsi mo kgaolong ele. Ampore re nna le metsi kwa Kopong, mme re kgona go tsamaya bo *two days to three days* a seyo. Kwa Lentsweletau a feletse mo phataneng, ga a goroga kwa motseng. Kwa dikgaolong tse dingwe tsele bo Shadishadi ba kgona go nna bo *3 months without water* mme re ntse re re lefatshe le le tlhabologang. O kae Ramogapi? Kwa kgaolong ya me go na le motse o bidiwa gotwe Kgabaneng, o bapile le Lentsweletau, batho ba teng ga ba na metsi, ba lwela metsi le dikolobe le dikgomo ka gore ba nwa *from...* go na le mo gotweng ke North South Carrier (NSC), ke *manholes* kana ke eng, go a dutla, gore ba bone metsi, *they have to wake up early in the morning* ba ye go ga metsi koo, motshegare go nwa dikgomo, kgantele dikolobe di a tlhapa gone koo. Ke seemo se se utlwisang bothhoko. Le fa re ka ya teng fela ka le rwala lotlhe ka ya go le bontsha, le ya go fitlhela dikolobe di thuma gone foo, batho ba go bolelela gore mme phakela gore re bone metsi a a phepa, re tsoga bosigo re tla fa. Jaanong ga go a tshwanela gore go nne jalo. Metsi bagaetsho *is a not a luxury*. Metsi *should be a basic right*, go sa kgathalesege gore o fa kae, re tshwanetse gore re bone gore mongwe le mongwe fa a leng teng o na le metsi. Bogolo o ka mo tima di sele. Keletso ya me ke gore bogolo...

MR SEGOKGO: Clarification Mr Speaker. Ke a leboga Mr Speaker. A Honourable Bogatsu o raya gore *after 58 years* re sena go bona boipuso, mafelo kana metse e a buang ka yone ke mo Botswana kana ke kwa ntle ga Botswana ne mongwame? A o bua ka metse e e kwa bo Zambia, Zimbabwe kana ke mo Botswana rra, kana ga ke go utlw sentle? Ke a leboga.

MR BOGATSU: Tanki motlotlegi. Ke bua ka Botswana. Kana e rile maabane fa ke le fa, ka le raya ka re *for* dingwaga tse tsotlhe kgaolo ele ga e ise e ko e nne le kemedi. Ka ba ka le bolelela gore jaanong ke nna pulamadibogo wa kgaolo ele, ba tlile go bona dilo tse dintle mo go nna *because* go ne go sena ope yo a neng a isa selelo sa bone. Fa o bua ka Kgabaneng, Kweneng ke fa fela o hapoga fela fa Metsimotlhabe o bo o tsamaya o ise o tsene kwa Mmatseta, go na le motse ka fa o bidiwa gotwe Kgabaneng. Ke bua ka motse o e leng gore o mo Botswana. Metse yotlhe e ke e buang e e mo Botswana.

Pele ga ke tswala ka gore nako le yone ke ele e a tsamaya, o kile wa bona seemo se e leng gore fa o tsena koo o ipapatsa, o bo o fitlhela motho a robegile a bapile le leoto, leoto la gagwe le hapogile le lebile kwa morago gotwe ga go na koloi ya *clinic*? Seo seemo ke se fitlhetsi kwa Kweneng. Ke fitlhetsi seemo se sengwe se se tshwanang le sone se kwa dikgaolong tsele tsa ... (*Inaudible*)... e e leng gore fa motho a lwala o hupisiwa khadi gore e nne yone *paracetamol*, e nne e kete e fokotsa bolwetsi jo bo mo go ene. Re tshwanetse gore re tsamaye. Batho ba bangwe fa ba re ba a ipapatsa, ga ba tsene mo dijarateng, ga ba itse gore go diragala eng. Tsena mo dijarateng tsa batho o bone gore fa gotwe lehuma go tewa eng. Ke jaaka ke bua ke go raya ke re dinako tse dingwe re ne re boa *before time* o ya go itheetsa, bosigo ga o ka ke wa robala o lala o opiwa ke tlhogo bosigo jotlhe.

Jaanong ke re UDC ga le *lucky* ka gore le a busa, *the challenge is upon us*, re bone gore mme gone go ya pele re tokafatsa matshelo a batho ka tsela e e ntseng jang. Go bohutsana, go utlwisa botlhoko, go tlhomola pelo. *We no longer need charity, we want resources*, le rona re tle re eme ka dinao re itirele. Re batla madi. *Let us mobilise people, they will produce goods*. Ga se gore nako le nako e tlaa nna gore o tshwanetse gore o ntshe madi o ba rekele dijo, o reng, o reng. *They will tell you the projects* tse ba ka di itirelang. Wena sa gago ke go ntsha madi, fa o ba neetse madi, e bile ga o kitla o ba neela madi gape, ba tlaabo ba felela ba go direla madi a mantsintsi go gaisa. Ke sone seemo seo. Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente.

MINISTER OF HEALTH (DR MODISE): Thank you Mr Speaker. Allow me to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude and appreciation to the 13th Parliament for having nominated me to represent our people in Parliament, as well as my profound gratitude to the President of the Republic of Botswana for entrusting me with leading the Ministry of Health. I do also recognize esteemed fellow Members of this Parliament and wish to convey my congratulatory accolades to you all for having triumphed in the past elections.

Mr Speaker, the President delivered the State of the Nation Address (SONA) on the 19th of November, and already one can tell that there is hope and great anticipation amongst our people. It is therefore, important to respond and lay the roadmap on how we intend to turn this country's health system and where we want to take the nation.



Mr Speaker, on Universal Health Coverage, I wish to commence my address today by recalling some international declarations that Botswana not only subscribe to, but holds in high regards such as the Astana Declaration from Alma-Ata towards universal health coverage and the Sustainable Development Goals. This is the bedrock upon which my ministry commits to ensuring that all individuals in the country have access to essential comprehensive health care services without suffering financial hardships, which means that every citizen regardless of their social economic status, location, should be able to receive the quality health care services they need when they need them, where they need them. This therefore, means Mr Speaker, that when we talk about access, we cannot only be referring to availability of health facilities within a 5 km radius for every Motswana, but also that when they get to the health facility, they are provided with all the services they need. This therefore, means we need to ensure that our health system is adequately funded, efficiently managed and equipped with the skilled health care professionals of the right skill mixes. Additionally, my ministry will invest in point of care testing solutions to reduce diagnostic delays and improve patient outcomes. The development of primary health care structures where the necessary personnel with appropriate skills sets and accompanying resources are available will ensure that disparities in health care access particularly for marginalized populations such as rural communities, low income individuals and vulnerable groups are adequately addressed. The delivery of these services requires health and care workers with an optimal skills mix at all levels of the health system who are equitably distributed, adequately supported with access to quality assured products and enjoying decent work.

Mr Speaker, on the National Health Insurance protecting the people from the financial consequences of paying for health care services out of their pockets reduces the risk that people will be pushed into poverty because of the cost needed for health services treatment, and that it requires for them to use their hard-earned life savings, assets, borrow and perhaps destroy their own future and that for their children to access health care.

Mr Speaker, to ensure access to comprehensive health services, the Government will therefore roll out a National Health Insurance to enable Batswana and those resident in Botswana to access services acceptable to them. My ministry is working hard to ensure that the necessary legislative apparatus is put in place to

facilitate the commencement of such a scheme. We will expeditiously complete the health financing strategy which will implement necessary health financing reforms, including the national health insurance system. This will also allow the country effectively pursue universal health coverage ideals.

On the state of medications and availability of medicines Mr Speaker, the country currently is bedeviled with shortage of medicines and medical supplies. This is due to the high cost of medicines, inadequate funding and exacerbated by inefficiencies in the supply chain. My ministry is working hard to ameliorate this by revamping the procurement processes and restructuring the Central Medical Stores. In the interim, the ministry is sourcing funds to acquire these much needed commodities.

National Health Digitisation

Mr Speaker, in the same vein as the points mentioned, it will be imperative to improve our data management systems. Health sectors across the world have taken advantage of ICT and other technologies, to digitise health services for improved access, to timely quality healthcare as well as improved patient management and a better patient experience. It is therefore, in our plans to completely digitilise and modernise the health system. Mr Speaker, my ministry prioritises digitisation and has a strategy that seeks to improve healthcare for Batswana. By accelerating the development and adoption of appropriate, accessible, affordable, scalable and sustainable person centric digital health solutions. This is done through developing ICT infrastructure and applications that enable the health sector to use health data to promote health and wellbeing and to achieve the health-related Sustainable Development Goals. Mr Speaker, through partnerships, Botswana Institute for Technology Research and Innovation (BITRI), my ministry has developed and is currently rolling out...

HONOURABLE MEMBER: Clarification.

DR MODISE: Later Honourable Member. Mr Speaker, through partnerships with BITRI, my ministry has developed and is currently rolling out an open source centralised electronic medical records in public clinics and health posts. The rollout is currently ongoing, in the North West District facilities and the next districts to be covered this financial year include Okavango, Kgalagadi South and Southern District Health Management Teams (DHMTs). Phase 2 of the project will develop hospital-based modules for use at all hospitals. To ensure that



the health system has access to all information from all health facilities, my ministry is implementing a Health Information Exchange (HIE) to ensure interoperability of systems including private sector systems. The HIE as is called will enable linking of Electronic Medical Records to Omang, immigration systems, and births and deaths registration systems. Mr Speaker, this will need major investments in the ICT infrastructure in the country but will be a worthy investment.

Infrastructure Investment

Mr Speaker, it is common knowledge that most health facilities are in serious state of disrepair. Mr Speaker, I am pleased by the commitment made by the President to invest in health infrastructure by building, maintaining and modernising or upgrading existing health infrastructure. This represent a critical step towards strengthening healthcare systems and ensuring equitable access to quality healthcare services. Recognising that robust infrastructure is the backbone of effective healthcare delivery, this pledge underscores a focus on addressing current gaps, improving service delivery and preparing for future challenges. Key aspects of this commitment include:

- (i) Healthcare infrastructure expansion which is constructing additional hospitals, clinics and specialised care facilities in regions that are lacking adequate access to healthcare.
- (ii) Maintenance in upgrading of existing infrastructure, modernising outdated facilities to ensure compliance with international healthcare standards.
- (iii) Suitable and resilience systems, increasing the suitability and sustainability, crisis adaptability of healthcare infrastructure by integrating green technologies with disaster resilient designs. In order to guarantee a steady supply of power, my ministry will install solar energy to provide electricity in some health facilities.

Healthcare Worker Support

Mr Speaker, healthcare workers are our diamonds. However, it is true that the healthcare workers are often overlooked and overburdened by the work environment. On such challenge, the current doctor to patient ratio we estimate for Botswana in 2021 to be 1:1400 whilst World Health Organisation (WHO) recommends 1:600. My ministry therefore, commits to

investing, in improving conditions of service such as adequate staffing, and workload management including commensurate remuneration packages, recognition and appreciation, security of healthcare workers, counseling and psychological therapy, provision of housing fleet, physical health and safety.

Human Resource Development

On human resource development Mr Speaker, my ministry is committed to training teams of healthcare workers in specialised areas to ensure appropriate skills mixes, to address shortage of specialist services across the country. My ministry is therefore, urgently reviewing Sir Ketumile Teaching Hospital's model to align it with its mandates of training health professionals. Its mandate of research and being a tertiary, quaternary level healthcare facility to act as a public facility. My ministry is also in negotiations with the University of Botswana to decentralise training of the much needed health professionals to health facilities across the country which will reduce disruption of service, increase attraction and retention of healthcare workers to these areas. In conclusion Mr Speaker, allow me to express that I recognise...

HONOURABLE MEMBER: Clarification.

DR MODISE: Later Honourable Member. In conclusion Mr Speaker, allow me to express that I recognise that you achieved all that are already alluded to. We need to address social determinants of health. This would be dependent on my ministry's working closely with other ministries. For example, we will need to collaborate with the Ministry for State President on attraction and retention of healthcare workers. The Ministry of Higher Education for training health professionals and the Ministry of Child welfare-based education to address interactable challenges with malnutrition and under five mortalities.

...Silence...

DR MODISE: *Mr Speaker; gongwe fa ke ka e tsaya fela ka Setswana ke e soboka, ka gongwe go na le bangwe ba ba sa utlweng Sekgoa se ke neng ke se dirisa se kwa gae. Re le Goromente wa UDC, re tshwentswe ke seemo sa botsogo mo lefatsheng la rona. A ke dipatela, a ke kwa dikokelong, fa o lebelela, ke seemo fela se se ngomolang pelo. O ka kgona go tlhaloganya gore ke eng Batswana ba tsere tshwetso e ba e tsereng kgatlhanong le Goromente o o fetileng. Re a belaela gore le rona fa re ka se ka ra tsibogela dikgwetlo tse, ba tlaa tsaya*



tshwetso e e ntseng jalo. Mme re ikaeela gore re se ka ra ba swabisa. Re ba soloeditse gore re ya go ba tlaka ka *a comprehensive National Health Insurance*. Ga ke itse gore ke ka e baya ke reng ka Setswana, mme gongwe ke e beye ke re ga gona ope mo lefatsheng la rona yo e leng gore o tla tlhoka go tlamelwa ka tsa botsogo ka ntata ya gore ke mohumanegi kana o na le letlhoko le le rileng. Seo ga se ne se diragala.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Applause) ...

DR MODISE: Ga re batle lephata la botsogo le le kgonang go lebelela gore a wena o mohumi kana o mohumanegi. A wena o ...

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Murmurs) ...

MR SPEAKER: Order! Order! Honourable Members.

DR MODISE: Ga re batle seemo se lephata la botsogo le lebelelang gore a o *Honourable Hikuama*, kana wena o mohumanegi. Bolwetse ga bo itse mohumi, ga bo itse mohumanegi. Bolwetse ga bo itse moUDC, moBCP le moDomkrag. Kopo ya rona *Honourable Members* ke gore, kgang e ya botsogo re e tshwaraganele ba rotlhe, ka ke dumela gore rotlhe fela re batla se se siametseng batho ba rona fa go tla go tsena mo go tsa botsogo. Jaanong ke a le kopa *Honourable Members*, gore re tshwaraganele kgang e ya botsogo, batho ba rona ba kgone ba bone botsogo jo bo tshwanetseng.

Go na le mathata a *infrastructure*, dikokelo le *clinics* tse e leng gore *they are dilapidated*. Fa o tsena mo teng ke gore le *ceiling* e ka nna ya go wela o ntse o le molwetse, e go okeletsba bolwetse. Go na le mongwe yo o neng a tle a bue gore, fa o tsena mo dikokelong kana dipatela tsa ga Goromente, ke gore le fa o tla o lwala bolwetenyana jo bo seng kana ka sepe *Honourable Lucas*, fa o tsena moo malatsi a mabedi o ka nna wa felelela. Jaanong rona re kgathlanong le kgang e e ntseng jalo, re batla go bereka go tokafatsa seemo se, re tlaa dira jalo ka go tlhomamisa gore *there is maintenance of our facilities*, re tlaa dira jalo ka go lemoga gore go na le ba ba tshwanetseng gore ba ye sekoleng, *they need to be trained*.

Kana sepatela se Batswana ba neng ba tsenya madi mo go sone gore gongwe e tlaa nna sone *that nurses, doctors, medical students, pharmacists will train at*, ke sone se se fale se se bidiwang Sir Ketumile Masire, ke setse ke tswa go boa koo. Ke bone gore sepatela seo ka fa tlase ga Puso e e fetileng, se ne se sa dire se se se agetsweng. Ke a tlhomamisa gore ka fa tlase ga Puso ya UDC, Sir Ketumile Masire Teaching Hospital *will teach. It will*

teach nurses, medical students, doctors, radiographers and all other necessary healthcare alive facilities. That hospital will start the business of teaching. Ga se na go felela fela foo, kana sepatela sele se tshwanetswe ke gore se fe Batswana mo go bitswang *specialised health care services*, ke gore re ka bo re le mo seemong se e leng gore maaro a matona, a ke a diphilo, pelo, sebete kana sepe fela se re ka se akanyang, a setse a dirwa kwa Sir Ketumile Masire, mme ga go a nna jalo. Re ikemiseditse gore sepatela seo se kgone gore se dire jalo. E seng foo fela, le gore balwetse ba emise kgang ya gore e re motho a tswa Maun, a bo a bolelelw a gore o tshwanetse gore a ye Francistown *for an X-ray*, motho a tswe Gantsi a bo a bolelelw a gore o tshwanetse gore a ye Gaborone *for a CT Scan*. Seemo seo ga re se eletse, e bile ke seemo se re yang go se emisa ka fa tlase ga Puso ya UDC.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Applause) ...

DR MODISE: Jaanong ke a rapela *Honourable Members* gore le tshwaragane le rona, seemo se kgone re se fedise, re kgone re tokafatse tsa botsogo.

HONOURABLE MEMBER: Supplementary.

DR MODISE: E e leng gore *Mr Speaker*, ke itse gore e gaufi thata le *Honourable Hikuama*, re tlaa bereka *on our fleet management system*, ka gore o ne wa mpolelela gore ba tlhaelelw a ke *ambulances*. Setse re lemogile gore *our fleet management system*, ke a re aowa! fela ka gore re setse re le mo Pusong, ke tshwanetse ke rialo, mme ke boswa jo re bo tlogeletsweng, jo e leng gore ga se gore re a bo rata le rona. *Ambulances* tsa rona tse re nang le tsone ka bontsi, ga di bereke, *they are grounded* ...

MR SPEAKER: Honourable Frenzel, o re *clarification* Mongwato ...

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Laughter) ...

MR SPEAKER: ... *supplementary* ke kwa dipotsong. Ke ene a go letlelelang gore o ka botsa *clarification*.

DR MODISE: I yield for the clarification Mr Speaker.

MR FRENZEL: *Clarification.* Hei! ga re re ithute, ke a leboga *Honourable Speaker*. Tota re santse re ithuta re le mo Ntlong e, fa o batla go botsa o tlaabo o ipotsa gore a mme ke tlaabo ke botsa sentle. *Honourable Minister*, ke tsaya gore o tshwere sentle fa o bua ka kgang ya dikokelwana tse gongwe di tlhaelang, dikgang tsa botsogo o kare o ntshwere mo pelong. Ke eletsa gore Puso ya rona e ntsha o ye go lebelela dikgaolo tse di

tshwanang le tsa rona, nna *Minister* kwa kgao long ya me ga gona le fa e le sepatela, mo metseng e le *eight* mo go e *nine*, o le mongwefela ke one e reng ka *weekend* kokelwana e bulwa. Jaanong a bo o ipotsa gore, Puso e kgologolo ele, a e ne e sa bone dilo tse? Ke eletsa gore ke tle ke go tshware ka letsogo, re tsamaye re ye kwa metseng ele re tle re ye go baakanye diemo tse. Ke go tshwere sentle gore re tsamaya mo tseleng e e siameng. Ke a leboga *Honourable Speaker*.

DR MODISE: *Thank you very much Honourable Member, ke na le wena mo matshwenyegong a gago, ke a tlhomamisa gore ke tlaa tsamaya le lona ba lotlhe. Le fa le mpona tuck me by the jacket or hand, re buisane kgang e ya universal healthcare le gore re tlisa jang ditlamelo tsa botsogo, e se ditlamelo tsa botsogo fela, quality healthcare services to our people. I will be more than happy to accompany you to go to your constituencies, ke bue le batho le bone ke ba e tlhalosetse kgang e, ka gore this is one of the greatest transformations our country has ever embarked upon, e sale ka re tsaya Boipuso. Go supa gore Goromente yo wa UDC, ke Goromente yo o kgathalang ka batho, yo o sa kgethololeng, yo o bayang tsa botsogo kwa pele. Tautona le Mothusa Tautona ba ntsholofeditse gore I have their full support. Ka go rialo Honourable Members, Mr Speaker I thank you very much, God bless you, God bless Botswana.*

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Applause!)

MR SPEAKER: Honourable K. F. C. Motshegwa, ke ne ke le tlhaloseditse gore ke tsaya *two* ka fa, *one* kafa.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Murmurs)

MR SPEAKER: Go raya gore ke tlaa tsaya *two* kafa, ke setse ke mmiditse. Honourable Motshegwa.

MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS (MR MOTSHEGWA): Ke a leboga Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, allow me to commence by quoting from Noam Chomsky who is defined as one of the deeply insightful thinkers who said, "The world is facing a confluence of three major crises of unemployment, poverty and inequalities." Ke tsone tse ke tlaabong ke lebagane le tsone mo puong ya me. Ke simolole ka gore re lemoga botlhokwa jwa ba diphathi tsa kganetso, gammogo le bape fela ba ba ka dirang ditshekatsheko tsa puso ya batho ka batho, kana we acknowledge role of opposition parties oversight institutions to nurture democracy to provide checks and balances. Ka go dumela gore rotlhe re Batswana ba re eleletsang lefatshe le tshiamo le katlego, ke fela gore

re dira jalo re le mo makgotleng a farologaneng. Re tshwanetse ra itetla le rona go gakololwa le go kgalwa, gore re tle re nne botoka e bile re direle Batswana sentle. Fela se re ka se gakololang ke gore, *the opposition role while we acknowledge it, it must be done with maturity, objectivity and professionalism*, gore rotlhe re lebega re tsere dikgang tsa Batswana ka tlhwaafalo.

Ke gone mo e leng gore gongwe fa re flaa farologanang teng, le fa ke nosetsa ke rotloetsa boikarabelo le seabe sa ba diphathi tsa kganetso, re farologana mo goreng Rre Dithapelo Keorapetse wa Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, kana rona re mo itsheletse mo sekgweng a tlhonatlhonega, a putsaputsa dikeledi, a netswe ke dipula, a re bagaetsho ba nkobile mo ntlong ke sitilwe. Ra mo amogela, ra mo tlamelala, ke yo ke lekolwane. Ke araba seo ka gore gakere le ne le mo galaletsa le re ke yo le mmetlileng, ke product ya lona. Jaanong ke ne ke re re se ka ra lebala gore, le ne la felela le mo lathha. Le malomaagwe ngwana fa a mo godisitse, fa kwa bofelong a mo tsenyetsa botlhole kana a mo soka, le moo ga re ka ke ra go lebala.

Fa ke rialo *Mr Speaker*; puo ya me ya motshegare wa gompieno kana *the parameters of this course is anchored on what I have titled as, "The Calibration of Hope under UDC Government."* Puo e kwa Mmadinare re a re fa go ntse jalo, e a bo e le matsorotsoro a tsholofelo, kgotsa go unyologa ga tsholofelo. Ke sone se ke tlaabong ke bua ka tsholofelo e, mme fa ke bua ka yone, ke lemoge e bile ke dumedise ba Kgaolo ya Mmadinare. Mmadinare yo o nang le motsemogolo Damuchujenaa, go na le Sefhophe le Tobane, Tshokwe, Robelela le Mmadinare. Kwa ba mphileng thomo ya gore, ke bo ke itse gore "Sa mosima se bonwa ke yo o thata," ba lomela kgang ya botlhokwa jwa boeteledipele ba re "Senampatswana sa morwadie Kgosi, se bonwa motlhhang bojale bo alogang," "Bogwera bo senang kgajane, bo wela mo isong." Ba tlhalosa botlhokwa jwa boeteledipele ka one mosepele o ke o tsereng.

Go boela mo tsholofelong ele, fa o lebelela Molaomotheo wa lefatshe la Botswana mo tsetlaneng ya ntlha, o supa gore Botswana is a sovereign Republic. Fa o ya kwa tlhalosong ya gore sovereign Republic ke eng, go tlhalosiwa gore ke kwa e leng gore nonofo le dithata di mo bathong, ke ka mo re tswelelang re rotloetsa tshaba ya rona Batswana gore dithata di kwa go bone, e re fa rentse re ba direla, ba re gakolole.

Mo puong ya me ya ntlha mo Palamenteng go senka ke itlhalosa gape gore dipolotiki tsa me ke tsa mofuta ofe, ke dipolotiki tsa molema, dipolotiki tsa molema



tsa *Socialism*. Tumelo ya me ya dipolotiki ke gore ke tse di dumelang mo seAfrikeng kana Pan-Africanism. *I want to lay this ideological and philosophical underpins* gore tsotlhe tse ke tlaabong ke di bua, dipolotiki tsa me di tlaabo di le gaufi thata le bahumanegi, baberekli le bothle ba e leng gore itsholelo e ba kgaphetse kwa ntle. Ka mabaka a gore fa o tsaya *the system* ya *Capitalism* gone mo dipolotiking tse ke di kayang, re dumela gore *Capitalism is inherently exploitative, alienating, unstable, unsustainable and creates massive economic inequality, commodifies people and anti-democratic and leads to an erosion of human rights and national sovereignty and incentivise imperialist*. Ke tsaya gore...o kae Rre Kelebeng, o letse a sokodisiwa ke lefoko le, mme ke lone leo.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Laughter!...)

MR MOTSHEGWA: Ke gone ka mo e leng gore ke leka go supa gone moo gore mathata a me le tsamaiso ya itsholelo ya Domkrag ka fa e neng e ntse ka teng a tswa gone foo, le tharabololo e ke tlaabong ke bua ka yone e tswa gone foo.

Mathata a ke senkang gore gongwe ke fete ka one ke gore go ntse go buega dipuo tsa gore go na le tshenyetso-setshaba mo lefatsheng la Botswana, e re dumalanang re amogela, mme e bile le gore batho bangwe ba tshwanetse go lelekiwa mo tirong ba ba neng ba neetse tshwene marapo kana ba amega mo tshenyetsong setshaba. Gongwe fa re supe gore kana go lwantsha tshenyetso-setshaba le go sekisa batho bao le go ba koba, go tlhoka gore go salwe ditsamaiso morago, le makgotla a a maleba le one a neelwe sebaka go dira jalo, *we must allow processes and institutions* go dira tiro e e ntseng jalo. Ka re ila tshenyetso-setshaba lebaibai, se re se tlhalosang ke gore *we must allow and empower institutions to act without political interference and duress* ka gore e seng jalo e tlaabo e le gore, gore re lwantshe tshenyetso-setshaba kana batho ba ntshiwe mo ditirong fa ba sa dire sentle, ga go a tshwanela gore go bo go ka itewa diporompeta kana jang, go tshwanetse ga lettelelwang *institutions*. Sekai, fela ka ditsamaiso tsa pereko gore o ntshe motho mo tirong, *there must be procedural and substantive fairness*, o tshwanetse wa dira jalo ka sebaka se se lettelesegang, mme e bile go bo go na le molato o o boneng. Jaanong re tshwanetse ra lettelela ditsamaiso le *institutions* gore di dire jalo. *Corruption* go tshwanetse ra nna le *investigation*, fa go fediba *investigation* go nne le *prosecution*, if proven go nne le *conviction*. Jaanong re tshwanetse ra lettelela

dilo tse gore di wele. Re rurifatse gore re ila tshenyetso-setshaba ka gore madi a a ka bong a boloka setshaba a tlhabolola lefatshe, a wela ka motlhobodika, gone moo ke go bolaya setshaba.

Pele ke wela kwa go reng dikgang tsa rona kwa Mmadinare ke dife, Puso ya UDC ya reng, gongwe go senka re papamaletsa Batswana mathata a re leng mo go one, e tle e re fa re bua ka tharabololo, ba bo ba a utlisisa. *The UDC Government* go tshwanetse ga itsege kwa Batswaneng gore *inherited a failed state, a collapsed economy, owing to BDP economic policy failures, poor social services, unemployment, poverty, high corruption, decay in the...*

MR MOALOSI: Point of order. Standing Order 15.2 says, “a member making a speech or contributing in one language shall make the whole speech or contribution in that language,” but *ke utlwa mokaulengwe a tshwara Sekgoa ka fa, fa se mo imela a siela kwa Setswaneng, gongwe o re gakolole gore a mme o tshwanetse gore a dire jalo? Tanki.*

MR SPEAKER: Honourable Members, le leke thata gore le tlhophe puo e le buang ka yone, mme ke a bona gore *as language evolves*, le mo Palamenteng e e fetileng seemo se se ntse se le teng sa gore dipuo tsotlhe tse di lettelelwang motho o ka di bua, jaanong se mo kgopakgopetseng, mma a tsweleleng.

MR MOTSHEGWA: Ke a leboga. Ke ne ke supa gore re kgatlhana le lefatshe le e leng gore le ntse le na le mathata a lethoko la ditiro, tshenyetso-setshaba, mmopamo wa puso ya batho ka batho, go ya tlase ga ditshwanelo tsa batho go balelwa le tsa baberekli, matshego a puso ya batho ka batho a phuthlame, boeteledipele jo bo neng bo sena boikarabelo bo sa lomagana le batho bo le maikgantsho le maikgogomoso mo bathong mo re ka reng ...*(Inaudible)*... Ke one mathata a re kopanang le one a itsholelo e phuthlame, puso ya batho ka batho e phuthlame le tsa selegae. Ga re ka ke ra ema fela mo go bokeng mathata, re le ba Goromente yo mosha ra re re tlaa tla ka Molaomotheo, e le one thabafatshe le thito ya diphetogo tse re tlang ka tsone kana *a transformative constitution*, e re batlang go dira *the reconfiguration of the state to bring second generation rights, enhance democracy, societal development and progress* le go netefatsa gore matshego a Puso a kgaogantswe ka boikarabelo jwa one ka tlhomamo, *separation of powers*, yone e e neng e buiwa ke *the French philosopher Montesquieu* fa a ne a bua ka *the separation of powers*, denoting that power

corrupts and absolute power corrupts absolutely. Ka jalo, go botlhokwa gore re lomege, puso ya batho ka batho e bonale. Gone moo go tlaabo go bulela diphetogo tse re tlaabong re di tlisa. Sekai, jaaka re lebelela itsholelo, ke dumela gore re tshwanetse ra tlhama ditiro. Fa o batla go nyeletsa lehuma le go tshidisa batho sentle, o tshwanetse wa ba tlhamela ditiro, mme e nne ditiro tsa sennelaruri tse di ba neelang seriti, ka jalo, re tlaa lwantshana le se re neng re se bona e le *casualisation of labour with the emergence of precarious jobs* kana ditiro tsa nakwana tse di sa neeleng batho boleng. Ke selo se re tshwanetseng ra se dira.

Re tlaa tshwanelwa ke gore re dire dikago kana *accelerated infrastructure development* le *maintenance* ya tsone, re raya ditsela, dikgang tsa kgotetso, metsi, dipatela le dikole fela jalojalo, Ipelegeng e e tlaabong e tokafaditswe, kago ya matlo go anama le go ralala lefatshe lotlhe ka bophara jaaka re ipeetse seelo sa go agela Batswana matlo ka gore matlo a neela batho tshiamelo ya seriti le boleng mo botshelong jwa bone, gammogo le go dira gore temothuo e bo e ka baakanngwa gore batho ba kgone ba gwebe ka yone kana *commercialisation of agriculture*. Ke tse re tlaabong re di dira, gammogo le go dira gore go nne le madirelo a a dirang dithoto le ditirelo mono, *manufacturing of finished products from raw materials*; e ka nna kwa meepong kana mo temothuong. Gone moo gape go tlaabo go thusa go dira ditiro. Mafoko a a gateleta maitlambo a rona a gore re ya go dira ditiro tse re di buileng ka seelo se re se beileng mo maitlamong, ga re fapoge. Gammogo le gore mo go tsa kgotetso go bo go ka nna le *solar energy production plants*, tse e leng gore le tsone fa godimo ga gore di tlaabo di tlamelabatho mo go tsa kgotetso, di ntse di thusa mo go direng ditiro, le go nonotsha ba dikgwebo tse di potlana kana Small, Medium and Micro Enterprises (SMMEs) ka dikitso tsa go tsamaisa dikgwebo tsa bone ka boranyane, le go ka ba thusa ka ledi la go tlhabolola le go tsamaisa dikgwebo tsa bone.

Gone mo go tlaa tlhoka gore re bo re gakologelwa gore maitlambo a UDC kana ya re e tlaa fokotsa dingwaga tsa bagodi ba ba amogelang *tandabala* gore di ye kwa go 60, mme a bo e le gore ba amogela P1,800, e le nngwe ya dilo tse e leng gore ba *Ministry wa Local Government* o ke leng kwa go one, ba tsere boikarabelo jwa one gore jaanong ka fa *ministry* o tlaa dirang ka teng go ya pele, o inaakanye le se se mo maitlamong a UDC. Ke sone se re yang kwa go sone, ga mmogo le Ipelegeng e e tlhabolotsweng, e e tokafaditsweng e go tlaabong go tlhabolotswe seelo le boikarabelo jwa ditiro, le bone

batho ba teng ba supuditswe mo dithutong tse di ka ba thusang go dira ditiro ka tsela e e ntseng jalo, mme dikamogelo tsa yone di bo di tokafadiwa jaaka rona re buile ka P2,500.

Re ne re bua gore fa re lemoga botlhokwa jwa setho le seriti, ra re re tshwanetse ra neela bana ba dikole tse di potlana le tse dikgowlwane mesangwana kana *sanitary pads*. Ke setse ke buile ka ya matlo gore ra re mo dingwageng tse tlhano re tlaabo re neetse Batswana matlo go ba neela seriti. Re dumela gore bana ba dikole tse dikgowlwane ga ba a tshwanelwa gore ba iteege tsebe fa ba tshwanetse go lebagana le dithuto ka gore ba kokonelwa ke botshelo. Ke sone re santseng re dumela gore ba tshwanelwa ke go duelwa madi a seelo sa P2500, mme re santse re dumela gape gore babereki go se nne le yo e leng gore o amogela kwa tlase ga P4000, e le yone *living wage*.

Dilo tse re di bua ka gore mo maitlamong a rona ra re re tshwentswe ke itsholelo e e golang ka botetes, jaanong rona re dumela gore re ya go godisa itsholelo. Itsholelo e e leng gore ka fa e tlaabong e godile ka teng, e tlaabo e kgona go dira sone se e leng gore...

MR LUCAS: *Clarification.* Ke ne ke go lettelela rraetsho, ke se ka ka go tsena ganong o simolola, mme o simolotse kgang ya gago o supa gore o bua jalo wena o lebile menangwana ya tumelo ya sepolotiki ya *Socialism*. Ke re gongwe o ntshedimosetse gore a mme UDC Government, is it a Socialist Government? O e tlhatswe yone eo.

Ke bo ke botse fela ka gore ke batla go somarela nako ya gago, gore kana under *Socialism*, go na le dikgang tse re neng ra di rutwa mo nakong e e fetileng gore e bua ka *the nationalisation of the commanding heights of economy*. A ke sengwe se o santseng o dumela mo go sone? *Socialism* e bua gape ka *dictatorship of the proletarian*. A ke dikgang tse o dumelang mo go tsone kgotsa o dumela mo go tsone di baakantswe mo malatsing a segompieno? Ke ne ke re gongwe o tsene gone foo. Ke ne ke sa batle go go tshwenya o simolola rraetsho.

MR MOTSHEGWA: Ke a leboga. Nnyaa, fa e le gore o ne o tsoma tumelo ya me mo go tsone, ke yone sentle, o e tshwere, ke yone eo. Kana mme o ne o mpotsa ka UDC e e agilweng ka diphathi tse di farologaneng tse di tllang ka ditumelo tse di farologaneng. Ke gone mo re nang le mo gotweng *minimum programme* ya ka fa re tsamaisang ka teng. Moo go ne go ikaya nna gore ditumelo tsa me ke tsone tseo.



Jaanong fa ke tswelela le dikgang tsame ke lebeletse mabaka a nako, dingwe tse ke dumelang gore di tshwanetse tsa lebiwa, ra tswelela re bua ka tsone, le nna ke tlaa tswelela ke bua ka tsone, ke tsa go sireletsa ditshwanelo tsa babereki le mabaka a perek a bone, go netefatsa gore mo lefatsheng la rona re na le *guarantee and promotion of fair labour practices*, go babaleseg a mo tirong ga babereki (*occupational safety and health*), go tsosolosa le go bereka ga *the public service* le *Bargaining Council and Industrial Council* mo go ba ba ikemetseng ka nosi kana *private sector*. Re nne le lekalana la tshereganyo dikgang le dikgotlhlang tsa mohiri le mohiriwa, *independent dispute resolution system* gona le ya gompieno.

Gape re nonotshe ba lephata la go tlhotlhomisa go sa sala morago melao ya perek a kana *strengthen Labour Inspectorate*. Re netefatse gore *the labour law review* e e dumalanweng ke *the Tripartite under the auspices of the Ministry of Labour*, e a diragadiwa le yone. Re kgaratlhele gore mongwe le mongwe yo o eletsang, yo o kgonang go bereka, a felele a bereka go na le mebereko e e tlhamilweng mme e le tiro e e nang le boleng le seriti. Re lwantshe *casualisation of labour*.

Pele ke tsena kwa go tsa Mmadinare, le yone thuto le botsogo jaaka Tona wa Botsogo a buile, re tshwanetse ra neela batho botsogo jo e leng gore ke jwa maemo a ntlha go tsamaelana le seelo le sekao sa ba boditshabatshaba. Le yone thuto ya rona, ke sone se ke dumelang gore Matona ba Thuto ba tlaa amogela gore re dire diphetogo kana *reforms in our education system, including curriculum*, banaleseabe ba na le sebaka mo teng. Ka gore nngwe ya dilo tse di kgalwang ka thuto ya rona ke gore mo lefelong la borutelo, fa o leba morutuntshi le morutuntshiwa, e kete morutuntshi jaanong ke yo o kgobelelang kitso mo morutuntshiweng, morutuntshi yo a sa nne le sebaka sa go tsaya karolo kana *interaction*. Selo se se kgalwa ke Paulo Freire *in the Pedagogy of the Oppressed* fa a bua ka *against education banking*.

Fa re tsena mo *the gender struggle*, re dumela gore dikgang tsa kgokgontsho ya bong le tsone di tshwanetse tsa tsewa tsia. Dikgang tsa banalebogole le tsone di tshwanetse tsa tsewa tsia, ba utlwe ba amogelesega, ba tshela sentle, ba akola itsholelo ya lefatshe le ka tsela e ntseng jalo.

Kwa *Ministry wa Local Government*, re le baeteledipele ba one, re a netefatsa gore kana *ministry* o ke one o o gaufi le batho. O na le *proximity to the people*, re netefatsa gore o tlaa neela batho ditirelo tse di nang le boleng,

tsa tlhwatlhw. Fa re bua ka *inclusive economy*, re le Goromento yo o teng, e bo e le gore *ministry* o ka o gaufi le batho, o eteletse batho jalo, *councils* di tshwanetse tsa tlhaloganya gore ke boikarabelo jwa tsone.

Ministry o ka gore o na le *component ya culture*, re tshwanetse ra katolola dingwao tsa Batswana fela botlhe, tsa tlotlwa, tsa bewa mo mmepeng, tsa kwalwa, ga ipelafadiwa ka tsone. Magosi le one ba tshwanetse gore ba nne le seabe mo mererong ya tsamaiso ya puso ya batho ka batho le dikgang tse dingwe tsa lefatshe. Ke sone se e leng gore re mo mesepeleng wa go tsosolosa le go nosetsa ditirisanyo le Magosi gore ba ikutlwe ba tlotlegile le merafe ya bone, go nne le thitibalo, ba itse gore ba na le seabe. Go nna le seabe gone ga Goromento wa Dikgaolo, ke sone se e leng gore e tlaare mo bogautshwaneng re bo re konetelela kgang ya *the Decentralisation Policy*, e le gore re dira gore bo Goromento ba dikgaolo ba nne le tshusumetsa ya gore ba na le dithata. Ke yone *decentralisation and devolution* gore ba kgone go itsomela le ditsompelo tsa go diragatsa tse e leng tsa bone.

Fa ke wela le dikgang tsa Mmadinare *constituency*, puo ya bone e ba e goeletsang kwa godimo, e e utlwlang le kwa magodimong ke gore Mmadinare o tshwanetse a tlhomawa go nna a *fully-fledged district*. Ba re ba lapisitswe ke go ya Bobonong kwa go bo Rre Lucas go ya go tsaya ditlamelo teng, mo e leng gore ba a senyegelwa, o pagama go ya go duela P20 kwa Bobonong, o tswa Mmadinare mme o pagama ka madi a a fetang foo. So, kgang e tona ke yone ya *the district*.

Kgang ya bobedi, ba tshwentswe ke ditsela tsa Mmadinare tse e leng gore di mo seemong se se tlhabisang ditlhong. Tsela fela e e leng teng ke ya bogologolo...

HONOURABLE MEMBER: Elucidation.

MR MOTSHEGWA: Moragonyana rra, nako e tsamaile. Sengwe se e leng gore se ba tshwentse ke ditsela tse e leng gore di mantswe, di ba bolaela dikoloi, di lerole. Batho ka bontsi ba setse ba lwala e le ka ntlha ya lerole la ditsela tsone tse. Jaanong le bone ba tlhoka ditsela tsa maemo a ntlha. Ke sone se e leng gore ke tlaabo ke kgaratlha ka sone gone fa bosigo le motshegare.

Ba bua ka kgang ya dikgaolo di tshwana le Phase 1 gone kwa Mmadinare e e leng gore ga gona metsi, motlakase le ditsela, mme e le mo seemong sa lefatshe le re reng batho ba ka bo ba tshela sentle. Ba tshwenngwa ke

kgang ya gore re tshwanetse ra tokafatsa *the drainage system* kana kgopo ya metsi a le leswe gammogo le gore go santse go na le batho ba le bantsi ba ba santseng ba dirisa *pit latrines*, gone moo go a bo go sa re supe sentle.

Go na le kgang ya *the human-animal conflict*, ba tshwenngwa ke tshenyo e e bakwang ke ditlou, mo go felelang go dira gore jaanong batho ba lemela ditlou fela, mme phimolo dikeledi yone e lemmenyana. Fa o tsaya sekai go tshwana le baagi ba Tobane, ga ba robe sepe mo masimong a bone ka ntata ya gore ba jelwa ke dikgomo e le tlhaelo ya gore terata e e kgaoganyang mahudiso le kwa ba lemang teng, go na le dingwaga di ka feta 25 e ntse e dirwa mme e sa wele. Go na le tsela e e tswang mo Mmadinare go ya Robelela. Kwa ntle ga gore e ka thusa batho go tshela sentle, mme e ka oketsa le mo dikgannyeng tsa kgwebo ka gore e tshwaraganya toropo ya Selebi Phikwe le tse di kwa morago go ya go wela Francistown o tswela kwa ntle jalo. Ke nngwe ya ditsela tse e leng gore di tshwanetse tsa tsibogelwa. Gammogo le metshelakgab, marogo a metshelakgab, bogolo jang ka nako ya dipula mo e leng gore bana ba setse ba tlhokafetse kwa Mmadinare ka ntata ya gore ga gona *culverts* tse di thusang bana go tlolela kwa dikoleng. Ba supa gore ba na le keletso ya gore go nne le *cluster boreholes* kana didiba tsa merafe. Bone ba tlaa ikgobokanya ka *clusters*, mme Puso ka *ministry* o o maleba e bo e le gore e thusa batho go epa didiba gore ba kgone ba nne kwa masimo le kwa merakeng ba sa bolawe ke lenyora. Gone moo go tlaa fokotsa le yone *the rural-urban migration*. Go tlaa thusa le go dira *economic empowerment* ya batho ba le kwa ba leng teng.

Kgang ya *tourism development*, ba supa gore ka go na le matamo kwa Mmadinare a ka nna mabedi, a ka nna mararo, a tshwanetse gore a ba boe fa go tla mo go itebaganyeng le tsa bojanala. Jaanong fa e le gore go na le *the tender system* kana tiriso ya matamo one a, le tsa bojanala di tokafadiwe ka tsela e e leng gore di tlaa bapala itsholelo di e bapalela batho ba Mmadinare.

Ke setse ke buile ka ya Tlhako le Molomo e e tshwenyang batho mme go tlhoka gore go laolwe sone se ka go tsosolosa terata, le gone ya motlakase e e ka laolang go tla ga leruo go tswa kwa mafatsheng a re bapileng le one.

Ba dumela gape gore fa go ka nna le *the implementation* ya *the horticulture clusters* mo kgaolong ele go lebeletswe matamo, go ka thusa go dira *commercialisation of agricultural products*.

Borukutli mo Mmadinare bo ile magoletsa. Jaanong go ne go tlama gore go nne le *a police station*. Go sa le go tulwe batho ba batle setsha dingwaga tse di fetileng, ba se rema ngwaga le ngwaga mme *police station* ga e goroge. Ke nngwe ya dilo tse ba lopang gore di nne teng kwa Mmadinare.

Sepatela sa Mmadinare se atolosiwe e bile se tle mo seemong sa *referral* ka gore kgaolo ele jaanong e setse e aname. Le yone metse e ke e badileng ya kgaolo, bo Damuchujenaa, Sefhophe, Tobane, Tshokwe, Robelela, le ene Mmadinare ka sebele, go nne le *clinics* tse di atolositsweng di na le *maternity wing*. Fa o tsaya sekai ka Tobane le Tshokwe kwa e leng gore ke ditsela tsa mmu tse di sa siamang, fa molwetse gongwe e le mme yo a itsholofetseng a sa kgona go tlamelwa kwa metseng yone eo, ke gore ditsela ka bo tsone di felela di mmelegisa pele a goroga kwa kokelong. E a bo e le selo se se sa siamang mo lefatsheng le le tshwanetseng gore le ka bo le dira botoka.

Ke setse ke buile ka gore ba na le tumelo ya gore ba engwe nokeng ke *ministry* o o maleba gore re dire mo gotweng *community-led development* ka *trusts* le *cooperatives*, e bo e le tsone tse di ka thusang batho ka tsela e e ntseng jalo.

Ba lopa gape gore banana go tlhokwa gore ba tsewe tsia ka gore gompieno ba mo seemong sa gore ba inaakanya le borukutli, nnotagi le diritibatsi, ga bo go bolaya matshelo a bone. Go botlhokwa gore thuto ya rona e kgone go hema tsone tseo mme segolobogolo re nne le mafelo a itloso bodutu (*recreational facilities and parks*) le *libraries* tse di tlaabong di na le dibuka, *computers* le *internet*.

Batho ba bangwe ba ne ba tshega ka go sa dumela fa ke re mo Mmadinare fa go nna maitseboa le bosigo go raya gore go na le *internet* ka kwa mmoshareng. Jaanong bana ba kgobokana fa mmoshareng ba latetse yone *internet*. Mo o ka hakgamalang gore bana ba ba tsaya direpa bosigo mme e le gore tota ba latile *internet*, go baya matshelo a bone mo diphatseng.

Ke wela ke re dikgang tse ke di tlhalositseng tsa lefatshe ke le bontliha bongwe jwa mo Pusong, re tlaa tswelela re reetsa Batswana ka kakaretso. Ba ntshe megopolis ya gore re ka tokafatsa eng ka gore ra re re mo pusong ya batho ka batho. Re laletsa megopolis yothle mo go ba kganetso, ba ba ikemetseng ka nosi, basekaseki fela jalo gore kwa bofelong re dumela gore lefatshe le le tshwanetse la tlhabologa. Re dumela gore with



the visionary leadership e re nang le yone lefatshe le le ka ya kwa pele. Se se fithelwang kwa bo Poland, Norway, Switzerland, Ireland, Canada se ka diragala mo lefatsheng la Botswana ka Goromente yo re nang le ene. Ga re batle gore gotwe Botswana ke a shining example of Africa, we do not want to shine only in Africa, re batla gore re bo re ka tshwantshanngwa le mafatshe a mangwe a Europe, e le gore re gorogile gone koo. Re tle mo seemong sa gore University of Botswana (UB), Botswana International University of Science and Technology (BIUST), Botswana University of Agriculture and Natural Resources (BUAN) le tse dingwe di phadisane le other universities internationally.

Mo go tsa Mmadinare ke amogetse thomo e ya tirelo setshaba ya bone ka diatla tsoo pedi. Ke tlaa e dira ka tlhompho, bonatla, botlhaga, manontlhotlho le ka matsetseleko ke rerisana le bone gore pele ke tla kwano, e bo e le gore ke tshotse dikgang tsa bone. E se ka ya nna dikgang tse di tswang mo go nna, e tshwanetse ya nna gore fa re bua ka ditlhabololo, re bo re bua di tswa mo go bone. Ke sone se e leng gore re le UDC, re bua ka a democratic developmental welfare state. Ke yone e re tlaabong re bopetse mo go yone tsamaiso ya rona ya itsholelo, selegae le sepolotiki. Re laletsa Batswana bothhe gore ba eme Goromente yo nokeng, ba mo sale morago ka gore gone go na le tema kwa re yang teng mme fa go tsamayang sentle teng, re tshwanetse go bolelelana jalo re go tshegetse. Fa e leng gore go na le dikgwethlo go tshwanetse ga tokafadiwa, mongwe le mongwe a gololesege go dira jalo, le rona re amogeke ka gore ke yone puso ya batho ka batho.

Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente, ke ne ke re gongwe ke tle ke eme jalo ka dikgang tsa lefatshe le tsa ba Mmadinare gore ke tse ba lelang ka tsone.

Gongwe ke ne ke sa bua ka tsa thuto. Nngwe ya dikgwethlo tse e leng gore di teng mo metsotsong e e setseng ke gore dikole tsa Mmadinare di tlhaelwla ke stationary. Bontsi jwa tsone ga di na photocopying machines tsa gore bana ba ka baakanyetswa dipampiri tsa examinations. Dikole tse dingwe fa o ya kwa Robelela, fa o tsena ka kgoro o kgatlhantshiwa ke monko wa bo mmamanthwane, ceilings di ole. Fa go kwalelang teng blackboards di ngaporologile, go kwalela on manillas, ga ba na dipene. Barutabana jaanong ba tsaya nako ya gore ba bo ba ruta bana, ba tsamaya mo ba ba kopela dikoleke. Mo go tlaa tsenya le yone thuto mo mathateng ka gore mo gongwe ba tlaa kopa le mo magodung, a bo

e le gore bana ba reketswe dipene le dibuka ka madi a magodu. *The Government must take the responsibility to fund education, health le tse dingwe fela jalo. Ke a leboga.*

MR MAPULANGA (CHOBE): Tla ke go leboge Motsamaisa Dipuisanyo tsa Palamente. Ke le dumedise batlotlegi lotlhe ka tlotlo e e kalo.

Mo letsatsing la gompieno ke dumedise le kwa gae, ke leboge Modimo gore a bo a ntlisitse mo Ntlong e Mr Speaker. O tlaa gakologelwa gore nna le wena ga re ise re ko re je bonana jwa rona, *we have been in these trenches from bo 21 years to date.* Ga re ise re ko re bone boitumelo jwa go nna monana. Re tshwentswe thata ke seemo se re se lemogileng go tswa bonnyennyang re se lemoga ka batsadi ba rona, baagisanyi le ka lefatshe le le dikgaolo tsa rona. Ke sone se ke reng ke leboge Modimo gore a bo a ntlisitse fa ka thato ya gagwe.

Ke leboge badimo ba Seyei boora Sazita Mapulanga, badimo ba Sesubiya ba bo Chehobe le bo Simasiku ba ba boneng go tshwanela gore ba dumalane le Modimo gore go diragale jalo mo ngwageng o. E bile ke leboge thata setshaba sa Chobe, ga go motlhofo go tsaya tshwetso ya gore o ka tshepha motho ka tlhopho. Golo moo ke tlaa go somarela thata ke go sireletse gore tshepho ya bone ga e kitla e ba swabisa. Ke tlaa e sireletsa Mr Speaker, ka go nna lentswe la bone le le sa sweng mo kgaolong e le mo Ntlong e.

Mr Speaker, ga ke a tla ke tshwere sepe mme e bile ke dumela gore ga ke na go tsaya sepe ka kwano. Se ke se tlisang fa ke matshwenyego a kgaolo, ke tsile go lwela tshwanelo ya bone fela. Ga ke a tla go batla dikhumo kwano, kwa ke tswang teng ke na le ditsala tse dintsii tse ke godileng le tsone, Mapalamente ga ke ka ke ka nna tsala le lona, re tlaa nna badiri mmogo.

Mr Speaker, ke tla fa ke le mo ditlhakong tsa batlapele. Re simolotse mosepele o mmogo o a gakologelwa, mme mo tseleng e go maswabi gore ke bo ke tla fa ke gopola mewa ya bao ba re sa kgonang gore re bo re tsamaile tsela e go tla go goroga mmogo. O a itse re nnile le banana ba ba nnileng le go tlhoka lesego, mewa ya bone e robale ka kagiso; bo Rre Maenga Makanyi, bagolo ba rona bo Rre Ishmael Msiwa, bakatisi ba rona bo Rre Samunzala, the late Elson, Bashati Gava, bagolo ba rona ba motse, unionists bo Mr Ntema, batlapele ba rona Mopalamente Rre Gibson Nshingwe, o ne a le gone fa, mowa wa gagwe o robale ka kagiso.



Fa o utlwa ke re ke tla fa ka mewa ya bone, o a itse gore re sa le re tshwenyegile mo kgaolong ya rona. E bile le go tla go tsena gone jaana re ntse re a gopola le ba ba ttileng mme re ba utlwaletse re sa ba fitlhela rona ba bangwe ka gore re babotlana. Ke leboge thata gore le ba ke tsereng mo go bone jaaka ba ntse ba tswa fela mo 12th Parliament, re tlaa tshegetsa tshwanelo e e neng ba e lwela ka kwano.

Re santse re na le bagolo ba ba tshelang, ba ba supang gore tsela e, ba sale ba e betla ka 1962. Ba santse ba le teng mo botshelong bo Big Number. Ba teng mo botshelong bo Rre Mabuta, ba ba re kaeditseng go tla go goroga gompieno. Ba teng bo E. D. Tumedi, basadibagolo kwa Pandamatenga bo Mma Samunzala. Ke sone se ke reng, ke tla ke rwele bokete Mr Speaker. Go tsena mo ditlhakong tse o rwele matshwenyego a tshaba ya Chobe, ga go motlhofo. O a itse gore re na le dikgwetlho tse di kae kwa kgaolong jaaka re ntse re tla re gola.

Ke leboge thata gore mo kgodisong ya me go tla go tsena gompieno Mr Speaker, ke fetile ka organisations tse ke dumelang gore di nnile le seabe mo go nkgodiseng. Teams tsa Satau Sporting. Re berekile le Chobe Regional Association. Re berekile le Class of 87, 95, 98. Ke berekile le Chobe Safari Lodge kwa hotels. Ka bereka dikompone tsa retail le yone ya bofelo tota bo Furnmart. Gotlhe koo ke ne ke fitlhela bagolo ba ba neng ba nkgothatsa gore fa o gola, o gola ka tsamaiso e e ntseng jang. Re tsene mo Botswana Bank Employees Union (BOBEU). Honourable Motshegwa o a itse kwa re kopaneng teng at the unions. Ke leboge ba BOBEU mo kgodisong ya bone, UNI Afrika, organisations tse ke dirileng le tsone bo Botswana Guide Association, Cisiya Nkulu Trust, farmers tsa Chobe gammogo Rre Gobotswang, le re agile ka BCP through the Youth League go tla go tsena gompieno. Re dumela gore re tlaa tsweledisa mosepele o, go felefa fa o felelang teng fa botshelo jwa rona bo tlaabong bo felefa teng.

Ka jalo, ke supe jaana Mr Speaker gore ke mongwe wa bana ba e rileng 37 years ago mo motseng wa Satau, ba ntshiwa ka class gotwe a re ye kwa Kgatleng re ye go opela. Re opelele Tautona yo o neng a le mo Kgatleng ka nako ya teng. 37 years ago go tla go tsena ka jaana mo phuthegong eo, mantswe le difatlhego tsa bannabagolo le bagolo ba ba neng ba le mo Kgatleng eo, ke santse ke a utlwa o kare ke phuthego ya maabane. Ba ema ka dinao mantswe a bone a utlwala go buiwa ka ditshwanelo tsa kgaolo ya Chobe. Re re, re a kopa Puso,

Tautona ka gore o fa, le tlaa calculate gore yo o neng a le mo Pusong 37 years ago ke mang. Go tla go tsena ka jaana dilo tse Mr Speaker, ga re di bone mo kgaolong fa o utlwa ke re, ke tla ke rwele bokete.

Ke tsene mo campaign e Mr Speaker; re buisantse le batsadi mo motseng gore ditshwanelo tsa batho pele, human development, land reform, service delivery and natural resources beneficiation. Ke bua dilo tse e le pilara ya Chobe. Ke tlaa di tsaya mo State of the Nation Address (SONA). E builwe ka bophara, one hour e ntse e balwa. Fa ke e soboka Mr Speaker, ke ya go tsaya page 2 (a), point number 8 fela mo go yone, ke bo ke tsaya page 4 (b), transformative journey le the journey of unity, di pedi fela fa ke e soboka. Mr Speaker, State of the Nation se se supa gore we will, go raya gore re tlaa dira, go re neela hope. Re nna le tsholofelo ya gore ga gotwe we will, ke tlaa dumalana gore ee, re tlaa.

Matshwenyego a me a ntlha Mr Speaker, ke thuto e e mo Chobe. Thuto ya Chobe e kwa morago. Ga go gakgamatse gore fa o tsena mo kgaolong, bangwe ba re sotla ba re kwa Chobe it is either o nna guide kana o nna driver kwa khanseleng. For these 58 years ga go na senior secondary in a fully-fledged district. O ka ipotsa gore fa go sena a senior secondary mo kgaolong ya bophara jwa more than 300 square kilometres (km) radius, the nearest senior secondary e tswa go agiwa 300 km away, pele ga moo it was 600 km. Go tla go tsena ka jaana monni wa kgaolo ya Chobe, motsadi wa kgaolo ya Chobe, o santse a tshwanelwa ke gore a tlhabé podi, a tlhabé kgomo ya gagwe gore ngwana a kgone go bona thuto. Dikgang tse o ipotsa gore a mme tshwanelo ya thuto mo go rona mo mebusong one o o tsamaileng le mo Pusong yone e, fa e le gore State of the Nation se omit equalisation ka Constitution, a mme rona re na le tshwanelo mo thutong?

Our right to health, a re tlaa e bona? Ka gore ngwana fa o mo tsaya at 13 years o mo ntsha fa tlase ga batsadi ba gagwe, o mo tseela tshwanelo. O ya go simolola o mo ruta tiro e a sa e tlwaelang. O kgokgontsha maikutlo a ngwana Minister of Health. O kgokgontsha botsogo jwa ngwana, o mo tsaya fa tlase ga batsadi ba gagwe o ya go mmaya 500 km away, at 13 years. Dikgang tse ke ipotsa gore a mme re dumele gore we are part and parcel ka gore Constitution ya lefatshe lone le e sale e kgetholola merafe yothle e e mo kgaolong ya Chobe. O simolola go ipotsa gore a ke gone mo go dirang gore le ditshwanelo tsa rona tsa thuto di salele kwa morago. A le mo thutong le a re kgetholola? Kgang eo re tlaabo



re e lebile babusi gore a re tlaa bona *senior secondary* mo Chobe e agiwa, gore le rona re fokoletswe bokete jwa go tsenya matsogo mo dipateng. Pele ngwana a tla *university*, o lala mo *stadium* go bona phatlha. A mme re tlaa bona thuto ya rona le rona kwa Chobe?

Junior e santse e dirisa *a pit latrine, more than 400 students* mo kgaolong ya Chobe. In this dump weather Minister of Health, a mme ngwana botsogo jwa gagwe e tlaa nna jone a dirisa *pit latrine at junior secondary school* gotwe re a ipusa, re na le tshwanelo? A junior secondary school, an 18 stream e operate ka 40 stream gompieno, a le dumela gore *this is fair?* Ga ke batle go le utlwisa botlhoko Mr Speaker, but we have had enough.

Ke tsena mo botsogong Mr Speaker, fa e le gore re a dumalana gore *we are part and parcel of this nation, a fully-fledged district* e sena sepatela. Re tsaya batsadi ba rona o ntsha madi a bofelo gore Rre Mapulanga a tla a alafiwe mo Gaborone. I have to spend more than my budgets. I had to spend more than my budget and my father is late to date...

MR HIKUAMA: Clarification. Ke a leboga Honourable Mapulanga. Ga ke batle go go dia le go ja nako ya gago. Ke bona gore le go lela o a lela. Ke selo se se utlwisang botlhoko. A mme wa re kwa Chobe ga go na le fa e le sepatela? Ke sone se Tona Modise a tshwanetseng a se itse gore kwa Chobe, ga go na le fa e le sepatela se batho ba alafelwang kwa go sone?

MR SPEAKER: Order! Honourable Members, I have been meaning to take a health break. I do not know if we can break for five minutes and come back. Let us adjourn for five minutes.

PROCEEDINGS SUSPENDED AT 4:29 P.M. FOR APPROXIMATELY 5 MINUTES

PROCEEDINGS RESUMED AT 4:34 P.M.

MR SPEAKER: Order Honourable Members. When we adjourned, Honourable Simasiku Oscar Mapulanga, Member for Chobe was on the floor and was left with 16 minutes 32 seconds.

MR MAPULANGA: Ke a go leboga Mr Speaker. Ke go leboge, ke ikope maitswarelo. Re goletse mo dikgwethong tse di sa tshwaneng.

Ke fete Mr Speaker ke ye kwa sepateleng, botsogo. Le fa o ka ya ka ditshwanelo tsa setho, jaaka ke ne ke utlwa Minister of Health a tlhalosa, these are declarations that Botswana has signed for. Re ipotsa gore these treaties

fa re di *ratify* jaana, a mme re a di diragatsa. Gore bokgakala jwa Chobe *nearest hospital* e bo e le 600 km, go na le bomme le bana, ditsela di sa nna sentle, koloi e rwele molwetse mo seemong sa ditsela tse le di itseng le lona le bone ba ba fetileng tota, a mme re ya go goroga re le mmogo?

Tona mo potsong e ke neng ke e botsa ya bofelo, o rile ke ya go bona thuso ya *scanners* gongwe ka bo June 2025. That is eight months to go. Ke bua gompieno molwetse a tlhoka thuso ya *scanning*, le ya ngaka, ngwana a tlhoka gore kgapetsakgapetsa a latedisiwe kwa ngakeng, *specialist*. Puso go tla go tsena jaana fa o le referred Mr Speaker, o a ipega. Ga ke itse gore a se se diragala kwa go rona fela mo Chobe kana le kwa go lona se teng, gore re tshwanelwa ke go rwala bokete go le kae re le banni ba kgaolo ya Chobe gore re bone ditshwanelo tsa rona tsa botsogo. Ke a kopa Tona gore *budget* e re e dirang ka February, o ka re tima tsotlhе mme o re neele botsogo, re neele sepatela. O ka tsaya gotlhe, mme re kopa botsogo jwa rona pele. We need a general hospital kwa Chobe. Leso la motho a le mongwefela is enough for that family. Ga se kgang ya gore palo ya lona e kwa tlase, ke kgang ya tshwanelo. Bolwetse jwa ngwana a le mongwefela mo lwapeng bo bontsi mo family yone eo. Ga go na mo gotweng palo ya lona e kwa tlase.

Infrastructure development ga re ka ke ra e tsamaisa ka dipalo, go na le fa e ka berekang teng, mme ya botsogo e tshwanetse ya lebega gore *we have that compassionate character in us*, gore motho a tsoge a kgone go bereka. Le yone *transformation* e re e buang e, ga re ka ke ra e fitlhelela fa e le gore botsogo jwa batho mo lefatsheng leno ga se jone because the generation that have to go to work, have to be fit. Fa ba sa tsoga, ga go na kwa re ka yang teng. Le fa re ka di dira ditiro di le 450 000 Mr Speaker, if the community and this nation are not in their health status, ga go na kwa re tlaa yang teng. Ke kopa gore e nne a priority, a commitment jaaka re ntse re tlhalosetswa. A botsogo bo tle pele, mme sepatela sa Chobe ke kopa gore o se tsenye mo NDP 12.

Ke tlaa feta ka eo Mr Speaker, ke tsene mo ditseleng tsa rona. Di re gapetse matshelo ka gore *we are refinancing projects that has long been financed*. Go tswa Parakarungu go ya Kachikau, it is only 35 km. Tsela e e feditse batho le dikoloi. Le ba ba itekang ka *combis* gompieno Mr Speaker, I think go dira tse pedi if not one from tse di neng di feta bo 15. Ga re itse *infrastructure priorities* tsa Puso, mme ke a belaela gore fa e le gore ga le ye go fetola trend Honourable Ramogapi, re ya go nna le seemo se se tshwanang ka gore ga go ise go

lemogiwe gore Chobe ke kgaolo e e tlhokang gore e tlhabololwe, rona re ba ba berekang go pompa mosi. Ke gore madi a *tourism* a tswa kwa Chobe a jelwa mo Gaborone. Fa re tshwanetse go bona dithhabololo, re bolelwa gore Puso e imetswe. Re ipotsa gore Puso e imelwa jang wena mong wa madi o sa bone le fa e thothi botoka. *You know the accidents* tse di ntseng di diragala mo ditseleng tsone tse. Re ntse re a kopa, re batla tsela e e re gokaganyang go tswa Parakarungu e ya Gudigwa. Re ntse re a kopa tsela e e re gokaganyang go tswa Kachikau o ya Khwai kana Shorobe. Ba tsile gone fa pele game, mafoko a ba a fetisitse ba di kopile.

Fa o utlwa *Mr Speaker* ke go raya ke re 37 years ago phuthego e e neng e tshwerwe, mo go nna ke santse ke e utlwa o kare ke ya maabane. *These voices* tsa bannabagolo ba ba tseneng ka mabitla gompieno di santse di le teng le gompieno. Dilo tse ke di buang gompieno tse, ba di buile *when I was seven years*. Re setse re ipotsa gore a mme lentswe la rona, kana ke gore rona re bua Sesubeya gongwe le bo Sesarwa, gongwe teme e ya Setswana re kopana le yone kwa sekoleng, gongwe ga se sone Setswana se le se batlang. Fa e le gore ke sone Setswana se le se buang, re dumela gore dikgang tse re di buileng go ka bo go setse go nnile le tharabololo mo go tsone *Mr Speaker*. *Infrastructure of road network* mo Chobe e re humanegisitse. Le fa o ne o na le *combi*, koloi kana *taxis*, o boela kwa go zero. *We are forced to pump more than we can afford.*

Re kopa *road network Minister responsible*, a e baakanngwe. Tsela ya Kachikau-Parakarungu, a e tsene e agiwe. Fa e le gore *it was not designed, or planned for*, re kopa o e ntshetse madi *and be designed, planned for*, e tsene e agiwe. Ga re ka ke ra bua dikgang tse ke setse ke le rre yo o kana yo o nang le lelwapa le bana. Dipuo tse di builwe pele ga me ke tlhalefa. Re ipotsa gore fa e le gore ke ditsebe di utlwa ka tsela e e ntseng jang.

Ke tlaa leka go nna bofeso *Mr Speaker*, go na le *project* fa re bua ya North-South Carrier (NSC) ya metsi. Ke re gongwe e sekasekiwe, re e lebisise, re lebile seemo sa gore *the global warming* gompieno e supa gore *the pattern* ya pula e ile kwa tlase. *The Chobe river or the Zambezi flow is no longer the same* jaaka e ne e ntse. Fa le sa sekaseke *project* e le bo le ngakalala le re le batla go ya go goga metsi, Chobe river is going to dry, *the lives of the plants and all the flora and fauna* tse le di bonang kwa are going to disappear. Re kopa gore *project* e le e sekaseke gape, gore *is it still viable to continue with these projects, because* re a tshoga, we have seen the pattern gore noka e kgala go le kae. Fa e le gore le a tswelela

le a goga *this four million cubic*, le se ka la re ga le a tlhagisiwa. Re kopa le lebelele seemo se. Mme *Minister responsible*, re kopa metsi a Pandamatenga. *It is only 70 kilometres* go tswa mo Lesoma, go santse go nowa metsi a a letsawai, mmele wa motho *when it absorbs* metsi a a letsawai *for a longer period* Mr Speaker, o a itse gore le diphilo di simolola go swa. O ka ipotsa gore fa e le gore re swa diphilo ka go nwa metsi a a letsawai, dipatela di sena melemo, re sena dingaka, le sone sepatela tota se ise se nne teng se se ka kgonang go itebaganya le dikgwetlo tsa metsi a a letsawai a a mo Pandamatenga, le re batla eng se sengwe? A mme leso la rona ga le lensi le le setseng le lemogilwe. Re kopa *project* e *Minister* wa metsi o e lebisise, re kopa go ye go nowa metsi kwa Pandamatenga. Re lapisitswe ke *postmortems* fa di tla di bo di re ke *kidney failures*. Fa re tlhodumela go a supa gore *it has been a long-term disease* e e tlisiwang ke *environment* e re leng mo go yone. Gompieno jaana *drains* tsa Chobe kana mo Kasane di dutla letsatsi le letsatsi, di dutlisetsa metsi mo Chobe river, yone e re nwang mo go yone gape. *Classified information* 2006 kwa bana ba neng ba robadiwa kwa sepateleng sa Kasane ba tlhokafala, *the results were showing* gore *it was faecal diseases* mo teng ga metsi, *bacteria* tse di mo teng ga metsi tsa baka malwetse a *diarrhoea* mo baneng. Re bolokile. Le gompieno jaana le fa o emelela *Minister* wa *Health*, o ya go a fitlhela metsi ao a santse a tsena mo Chobe river. Noka e re tshwanetse gore re ipele ka yone ka *tourism*, e bile re nwe metsi a yone a le phepa. Re kopa le re reetse, ka gore ga se mantswa a ga Mapulanga, ke dilelo tsa batho ba Chobe.

Ke tlaa fetela fa pele *Mr Speaker*, re kopa a *tertiary school*. *A vocational training school*, ka gore go re tima thuto kwa sekoleng se segolwane, le bo le re tima le yone ya diatla tota, *because Chobe brigade is offering enough courses, it is only bricklaying, carpentry and auto mechanics*. Ipotse gore *other technical or administrative courses* re ya go di bona kae, ngwana o tshwanetse gore a ye Maun, a ye go kopa kwa Francistown le Tutume. Re tlaa nna le ditlamelo tsa rona leng mo kgaolong? Re kopa le re neele botoka thuto, re itirele.

Re kopa *stadium* kwa Chobe, le a itse gore *goalkeepers* tsa lona bo Mampule Masule le Anthony Matengu ka kwano, re ba aga gone kwa go sena *stadium* teng. *Stadium* mo Chobe is a *tourism opportunity*. Re na le Zambia, Zimbabwe le Victoria Falls, on a four-point, mo e leng gore *stadium* se ga se *service* Chobe



fela, re tlaabo re se dirisa le mafatshe a mangwe. Le yone *four nations tournament* tota le kgona go ya go e tshwara gone kwa. *It boosts tourism, boosts its holelo ya Batswana* ba Mr Speaker.

Ke dumela gore a ko re dirisanyeng sentle. Mme ga ke batle go lebala kgang ya *Labour Mr Speaker*. Ke fetile ka makgotla a babereki re lwela ditshwanelo tse. Ke tshwentswe ke gore bannabagolo le basadibagolo ba le ba bonang gompieno ba e kile ya bo e le makolwane a a neng a ikutlwa. Ka gore molao wa *labour* ga o a ba sireletsa *Mr Speaker*, gompieno ke bone ba ba kwadisiwang kwa boipelegong gotwe ke batlhoki, mme ba ne ba bereka ba amogela bone bo R66. Ba bereka ba sena *any security* mo ditirong. Ga gona *insurance, pension* le *risk allowance* mo ditirong tse. O ka emeleta gompieno wa ya mo dikampeng tse di bokiwang gompieno gotwe di tsenya madi mo itsholelong ya Botswana, o ye go bona bana fa ba nnang teng *Minister wa labour*: A kgang e re e emele ka dinao gore le fa re ka dira P4, 000 fa tiro e se *decent*, madi ao a ntse a ya go felela mo dipateleng, mo kalafing. Jaanong ke kopa gore le molao wa *labour*; fa re santse re sekaseka gore re tlaa tsamaisa itsholelo e e ntseng jang, a re o lebisise gore re o tsenye ditshetlana tse di tlaa sireletsang gore a re se ka ra fitlhela *waiter* e kobelwa kopi, gotwe wena o *manager* ka P1,500. Batho ba santse ba amogela ka *envelopes*, ba amogedisiwa ka bo My Zaka. *An institution* e re dumelang gore e fetlha itsholelo, ke *company* e butse kgwebo mo Botswana e duela babereki, e sa ba duelele mo dibankeng. *What security do they have if they cannot afford any financial assistance*, ba amogela ka seatla?

Mr Speaker, dikgang tse ke batla gore re di lebisise, re bue ka *agriculture, in this 30 seconds* gore, re kopa gore re sirelediwe. Re na le keletso ya go lema, go rua le go bona re na le lefatshe la dipolase le rona. Ke kope thata gore Puso e a ko e lemoge gore Chobe o na le *potential jaaka mafelo otlh*, *is not a tourism centre* fela, le go rua, *ranch management reports* di go bontsha gore phulo e e mo Chobe le metsi a teng o santse o epa ka garawe, *but we are never given that opportunity*. Ke tlaa ema gone fa *Mr Speaker*, *we will supplement* mo go tse dingwe in *Motions*. Ke a go leboga.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ... (Applause!)...

MR SPEAKER: Thank you Honourable Mapulanga. The floor is open.

MINISTER OF LABOUR AND HOME AFFAIRS MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: *Thank you very much Mr Speaker*. Ke go leboga fela thata, mme ke simolole

fela pele ka go leboga Tautona wa lefatshe la Botswana Rre Boko, le lona ba Palamente ya bo 13 gore le bo le mphile sebaka sa gore ke nne bontlhabongwe jwa diphetogo tsa *history* ya Botswana. Fa o ka lebelela gore *after 58 years*, ke gone go nang le diphetogo, Goromente wa Domkrag yo o sa bolong go busa dingwaga tse di kanakana a tswa mo Pusong. E bile le nna ke le bontlh bongwe jwa go bona gore o tswa mo Pusong, mme ke bo ke nne bontlhabongwe jwa go aga Puso e ntšha, jwa go bona gore jaanong tse re neng re ntse re bua ka tsone re di rera, re ntse re ba gakolola kwa, ke nako ya gore re tle re eme ka dinao re bone gore re a di baakanya.

Ke batla gore ke tlhalose jaana bagaetsho ke re, gore re goroge kwa go baakanyeng, re tshwanetse go araba potso e e reng le fitlhetseng, le fitlhetseng go ntse jang, go senyedile go le kae? Karabo ke gore, re fitlhetseng lefatshe la rona le tshonne, go sena madi, madi a jelwe. Re fitlhetseng lefatshe la rona le le mo tshenyetso-setshabeng e e tsitsibanyang mmele, e bile e neng e le *institutionalized*, ke gore e le selomodiro, jaanong *corruption* ya teng e dirwa fela ke batho ka go rata e bile ba e dira jalo ba sena dithleng. Re fitlhetseng lefatshe la rona e le gore boleng jwa thuto bo ile kwa tlase, boleng jwa thuto jo bana ba bo amogelang gompieno ga se jo bo ka tshetsang bana kamoso. Ke gone jaaka o bona go tlhoka ditiro ga banana, go godile ka palo e e gakgamatsang. Fa o ka lebelela *statictics* go tswa kwa se tswang teng, o a bona gore *unemployment* fa e ntse e gola jaana, mme o se ka wa ba ya kgakala, *from 2018* wa lebelela gore *unemployment* e ne e le bokae, o bo tla o e tshwantshanya le gompieno, Goromente yo o neng a tswa yo, o bo o bona gore ke bokae, o ka bona tota gore golo fa re na le mathata, re na le kgwetlh o tona mo lefatsheng la Botswana.

O ka botsa potsa wa re, la bofelo o bona Motswana a bewa setsha mo ditoropong ke leng? Mo Gaborone, Lobatse le Francistown, tse di neng di tlwaelesegile ka go bidiwa gotwe ke tsa Surveys and Lands. Ke bogologolo thata, *the last time was in 1992*, go dule gotwe Batswana *should apply* ditsha di segilwe. Go tlaa go tsena gompieno jaana, ga gona Motswana ope yo o kileng a bewa. Dilo tse di ka go supegetsa tota gore, re fitlhetseng go na le mathata a mantsi a a tlhatlaganeng.

Dikole tse di saleng di agiwa bogologolo, *primary schools* le *secondary schools* tse re di itseng di sale di agiwa bogologolo, *when were they last maintained?* Seemo se di leng mo go tsone ga se seemo se se letlelesegang, ke go go supegetsa tota gore go ne go ntse go senyegela pele.



Fa o ka lebelela borukulhi a bo o tsaya *statistics* go tswa kwa dingwageng tse *five* tse di kwa morago tsele, borukulhi bo gola letsatsi le letsatsi. Batho ba a nyelela mo ga rona letsatsi le letsatsi, mme ga gona ope ka lepe letsatsi le o ka bonang mongwe a tshwerwe a seka a bo a atlholwa, gotwe re atlhotse raboko gompieno, le bone bo raboko *they have multiplied*. Se ke seemo se re se fitlhelang jaaka re tsaya Puso mo ngwageng ono jaana, ke gore ga gona sepe se se siameng gotlhelele. Jaanong golo mo go re supegetsa gore Puso e ntseng e le teng e, e neng e tsamaisa dilo ka tsela e sa siamang, mme go botlhokwa kana gore fa re tsena re ntse jaana, re tlhodumele gore mabaka a neng a dira gore go nne le tshenyetso-setshaba e kanakana ke eng. Mabaka a neng a dira gore *maintenance* wa *Government institutions should not be done*, ke eng? Re tswe ka tharabololo, re bone gore re ka dira jang.

Ke tlaa kopa gore Goromente yo a eme ka dinao a dire lekoko fela la ditlholtlhomiso le le tseneletseng, gore re bone gore gare go ntse go tsene eng. Madi a a kanakana a tswa *from P83 billion to up to P1.9 billion*. Ga gona ope wa rona fa yo o ka supang se se dirilweng ka one. Fa o utlwa ke le raya ke re *corruption* fa e setse e tla go tsena mo bathong, e bile ba tla ka botlhale jwa go dira melao le dikakanyo tsa gore ba tle ba kgone go utswa madi sentle.

Rona mo kgaolong ya rona re wetswe ke seru sa lenyora mo Gabane-Mmankgodi, mme re le gaufi le toropo. Re ne ra tewa gatwe, re ntse re na le didiba tse re neng ntse re nwa mo go tsone re bo re tewa gotwe metsi a tswang mo didibeng tse a kgotlesegile, jaanong re tsile go le nosa metsa a tswang ka kwa Bokone. Ba bua ka fa metsi a teng a sa siamang ka teng, mme ba fitlhela re ntse re a anwa metsi a didiba. Le lona lotlhe ga gona ope wa lona yo o sa a nweng, ka gore le kwa merakeng ya lona kwa le nwa mo didibeng. Re bo re tewa gotwe re ya go le tseela metsi kwa *north*, a matamo, a pula e na. Kante ba raya gore ba ye go dira mo gompieno ba go bitsang ba re ke North South Courier (NSC). Ba simolola ka ya ntlha NSC, gotwe e tlise metsi kwano. Ra bona *pipes*, metsi a se ka a goroga, *pipes* tsa goroga. Fa re botsa gatwe, go tsentswe *pipes* tsa *sub-standard*. Ba bo ba tla la bobedi ka NSC 2, re a bapisa jaanong *lines* tse, re ntse re goga metsi go ya kwa. Le gone ra bona *pipes* di tsena, metsi a ntse a pala. Ba bofelo ba le bone ba jaaka ba ne ba tsamaya, le bone ba re le rona re itirela ya rona NSC, ba bo ba e dira ya boraro. Metsi ga a yo ka kwano, fa o lebelela dilo tse ke gore go ne go utswiwa madi ka *companies* tse ka go hirwa, go tswa kwa di tla kwano, go utswiwa madi ka go reka *pipes* tseo tsa metsi.

ASSISTANT MINISTER OF HIGHER EDUCATION (MR HUNYEPA): *Clarification.* Ke a leboga Honourable Mokgware, a mme o raya gore fa o lebelela kgang e ya metsi a NSC a a tswang gone kwa Bokone, ka tebo ya gago a o tsaya gore e ka tswa e ne e se nneta kana e le tshenyetso-setshaba? Gore le fa gotwe ga gona madi jaana, madi a ka tswa a ne a dirisiwa mo tirong e go utswa madi a setshaba.

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Tanki motlotlegi, rraetsho fa o ka lebelela sentle golo mo e ne e le *a scam*, go utswa madi a ga Goromente. Fa o ka lebelela ga o ka ke wa nthaya o re bo NSC ba ka nna bararo, metsi a ntse a sa goroge. Mongwe le mongwe yo o tsenang fa a nna Tautona, le ene o tlhoma ya gagwe NSC. Ka Palamente ya bo 11 ke ne ke le teng fa, re gana e le gore *quotation* e neng e kwadilwe la ntlha fa go dirwa *evaluation*, e ne e le P400 million. Fa e e setse e tla go tsena kwa go Tona, e bo e tla e nna P900 million, ke gore go tsentswe P500 million mme go sena karabo ya gore madi a godile ka tsela e ntseng jang. Fa re botsa gatwe *pipes* tse jaanong tse, *they are weak they can not resist the pressure of water* go tswa kwa go ya kwa di a thubega, go bua bone gakere. A lona le sa di bone, le ne le rekela eng *pipes* tse di ntseng jalo? O ka bona gore golo mo, e ne e le *scam* fela sa go utswa madi ka tsela e siameng. Kana...

MR LUCAS: *Clarification.* Honourable Mokgware, o bua kgang e tshwenyang e e bileng e ka gogomosang maikutlo ka fa tshenyo e ne ya nna ka teng. O a re go na le *scams* tsa go leka go utswa madi le go leka go gopela itsholelo, a golo mo ga Development Manager (DM) Model, ga o bone e le nngwe ya *scams* tse o buang ka tsone, gore di ne tsa dirwa ka bomo go leka go gopela itsholelo. Ke a leboga rra.

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: *That is the second scam*, o ele tlhoko gore fa ba batla go senya ba dira jang. E rile fa ba tla ka one, go na le melao e neng e dirilwe ya theko, Public Procurement and Asset Disposal Board (PPADB), e neng e na le melao e siameng gore fa o reka o tshwanetse o tle o tshwere *quotations* tse tharo, go nne le *evaluation* ya dilo tse tsotlhe. Ba bo ba gana ba re, golo mo go tsile go re dia. Jaanong se re tlaa se dirang ke go tla ka *another scam*, se o se buang sa DM. Kana ba itse gore, fa ba tsaya tiro e ba e neela *an individual*, go raya gore *that individual* ga a tle go sala morago melao ele. Jaanong go dirwa ka melao ya gagwe, *this direct manager appointment*, ke ene a yang go itseela motho yo a mmatlang, ke ditsala tsa bone. Golo mo go dirilwe ka bomo, go utswa madi, go senyetsa setshaba, di ele



tlhoko tsotlhe gore di tsamaya jang. E ne e le *scam* sa bobedi se se tona, le fa re ne re ntse re ba gakolola re ba bolelela, re tlhalosa gore golo mo ga lona, ke bontlha bongwe jwa go tseela lefatshe madi. Kana go raya gore, fa e le gore golo mo go neetswe Motlotlegi Lucas, *he was the one appointed directly*, gakere o neetswe madi, *he is not binded by any rule of the Government* ya theko. O itlela ka ya gagwe, *then he appoints any person of his choice*, a bo gotwe a ye go dira project. Le fa project fa e sa kgonagale, *what are the consequences?* Ke ditsala di pedi, ke sone se o bonang gore *all those projects* tse ba neng ba di dira tsotlhe ba lekeletska ka tsone, *they have never taken off*. Ga gona epe e o ka e bonang wa e supa wa re nnyaa, mme ke e, ke yone e e siameng. Dilo tse tsotlhe tse, di ne di dirwa ka bomo e le batho ba batla go utswa madi. Jaanong o bo o ipotsa gore ke eng go dirwa jalo?

Ke sone se ke reng, ke ne ke kopa Palamente e gore a ko e tlhoafale e dire dithhotlhomiso tse di tseneletseng tota, re tlhotlhomise re bone gore batho ba ba dirileng jaana, *they should not go scot-free*, ba tseelwe dikgato madi ao ba a buse. Re a utlwa, gompieno ke utlwaletse gore gatwe a mangwe ba a tladirise mo matlong, a go emiwe ka dinao madi ao a batliwe. *Tenders* tsele tsotlhe tse ba neng ba di fenza, *they should be re-evaluated*. Go lebelelwae gape gone moo gore a mme tota *prices* tse ba neng ba di ntsha, a ke *prices* tse di teng, e bile ke tse di siameng. Dilo tsa rona tse ke gore fa batho ba setse ba batla go senya, ba tla ka lenaneo ba le galaletsba bo ba tla mo Palamenteng ka dipalo tsa bone fa ba tla go le *approve*. Ke itumelela gore bangwe ba ba neng ba *approve* gone mo Ntlong e, bone kana ga ba a bona sepe, e ne e le batlhabeletsi fela, ba ne ba bona dikipara fela le dikepese.

MR PHOLOGOLO: Clarification. Thank you Mr Speaker. Minister, a go ya ka kakanyo ya gago *projects* ka gore di setse di le teng under DM Model gore Puso e name e di emisitse pele gore re tle re tsenye leitlhlo mo go reng go diragala eng ka boammaaruri? Thank you very much.

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Tanki motlotlegi. Ke a rapela ka re a *projects* tsotlhe di emisiwe, *re-evaluate them again*, re bo re sala tsamaiso e re saleng re e dumalane kwa morago, go tle go mne le *accountability, transparency and due diligence in whatever is being procured*.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Applause)...

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Ga re ka ke ra nna fa le bo le neela Motlotlegi Mokgware madi a a kana ka P100 million, go bo gotwe ke ene a tlaa tlang a batla motho yo o tlaa dirang *project*, a le nosi a bo a itirela melao ya gagwe koo, ba bo ba nna fa fatshe a bo a tsaya masika ba bo ba nna ba re re ja P100 million ke o, nnyaa ga go ka ke ga nna jalo. Ke sone se ke neng ke rialo.

Ke batla ke tlhalose ka kgang e e utlwisang botlhoko e le yone e ba e dirileng, e ke santseng ke le bolelela ke re e kgang ya lefatshe, e tlie go re gogela kwa ntweng. E ne ya re ba ntse jaana, go bo go dirwa *plan* ba bo ba e bitsa ba re ke Greater Gaborone, Greater Gaborone o fela fa o mo tsaya o tswa mo Gaborone o felela kwa Mmankgodi, o tsenya bo Gabane, Mmankgodi, ke ole o ya fela kwa o ema ka tsela e e kgaoganyang Mmankgodi le Manyana. Golo mo ga go dirwa jaana, ba bo ba bona gore jaanong re ya go tla ka *plans* tsa go dira gore re ya go tlhabolola jang, ba bo ba latela batho ba gaetsho kwa Gabane le Mmankgodi ba re re batla masimo a lona, re ya go dira ditlhabololo mo go one, kante go ipatlela bone le ditsala tsa bone. Ga ke ise ke ko ke bone batho gotwe re ya go tsaya masimo otlhe, re tlie go baya matlo mo teng. Ga le ka ke la tsaya masimo otlhe la baya matlo fela, le fa o ka tsamaya kwa mafatsheng a mangwe mo gare ga toropo o tlaa bona masimo teng, jaanong a rona gatwe re ya go baya batho mo go one le tlaa lema go sele. A dijo di ka tswa kgakala? Kana go raya gore *transportation of vegetables or whatever* tse di tswang kae di ya go gola. Selo se e ne e ntse e le tsela nngwe ya go bona gore ba ka tsaya madi jang ka yone, ke *scam*. Fa o lebelela se sengwe ba se bitsa *zoning*, ba re we are zoning toropo ke e, Gaborone. Go ne ga diragala jang? A o kile wa bona epe *project* ya tsone taking off? Ga go yo, mme madi one a tsamaile.

Jaanong ke ne ke batla gore ke bue fa a le teng *Minister* wa *Lands and Agriculture*, ke mo reye ke re kwa Gabane-Mmankgodi re na le mathata a lefatshe. Ke batla gore a dire *Judicial Commission of Inquiry* kwa Land Board ya Mogoditshane. Dilo tse di diragalang kwa Land Board ya Mogoditshane kwa ga se tsone tse di siameng, *corruption* e dirwa le ke even the officials. Se ba se dirang gompieno gatwe ba latela bana ba ba nnyennyane ba bo ba ba fa madi, maP50,000 ba bo ba ba raya ba re re batla gore re dirise Omang wa gago re reke lefatshe le re a go baya. *An unsuspecting child*, o lebile P50,000 fela a ba a mo tsaya, go bo go tsewa Omang wa gagwe go bo go dirwa *certificate* sa *land board*, fa se sena go nna se dirwa kwa *plot* e e a rekisiwa, fa e rekisiwa jaana, *buyer* e e leng *official* ya *land board* o a goroga ke ene



morekisi. Kana *the consequences of this young child* ke gore ga a ka ke a tlhola a bona setsha gope ka gore gatwe o ne o beilwe o rekitse, ga a *aware* ka tsamaiso e e ntseng jaana. Jaanong tota ke kopa *Judicial Commission of Inquiry* kwa Mogoditshane Land Board ka lebelo le le tona. E bile fa go ne go ka bo go tshwanela, *Minister* o tshwanetse go emisa ditsamaiso tsotlhgo fitlhelela re tswelela ka gore tshenyetso-setshaba e tswelela letsatsi le letsatsi batho ba tseelwa ditshimo le malwapa. Fa motho a tla, *Land Board Policy* e tlhamaletse e le *clear* gore fa le na le tshimo ya boswa le ka e kgaogana, fa le sena go nna le e kgaoganya *after sub-dividing it*, *Land Board Chairman* o a gana, ga le itse.

MR HUNYEP: *Clarification.* Ke a leboga Honourable Mokgware. Jaaka o re go lebega go sa tsewe dikgato, a re ka dumalana gore go kile ga nna le Kgabo Commission, ga nna le Lesetedi Commission e e leng gore ke lefatshe la Gaborone le Mogoditshane gape mo teng, *and go lebega go sa tsewa dikgato?* O raya gore le lone leo Puso e ntsha ya UDC a e tshwanetse gore e boele kwa morago e ye go tsaya lefatshe leo kgotsa ba ba le tsereng ba ne ba senya ba lebagane le molao?

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Tanki *Mr Speaker*.

(Certain words were expunged from the record as ordered by the Speaker.)

Ke batla go dirwa *Judicial Commission of Inquiry* go ye go bonwa gore batho bone ba ba ntseng ba aba lefatshe ba, ba le aba ka tsela e e ntseng jang, mo e leng gore gompieno jaana go na le molao fela o o tletseng, go na le batho ba...

MR MONAGENG: *Clarification.* Thank you *Mr Speaker*. Le fa re le ba sha *Mr Speaker*, ke tsaya gore fa ke ema fa ke re go a senngwa mo *land board* kampo mo *land boards*, *Chairmen* ba tsere *land boards* ba di dira dishopo (*shops*) tsa bone, meraka ya bone. I think ke tlaabo ke se wrong, we are aware of certain *Chairmen* ba bangwe ba ba tsereng *land boards* ba di tsentse mo seatleng. I can understand when you rule out gore go se ka ga buiwa ka leina, mme re letlelele *Mr Speaker*, re bue matlhotlhapelo a a diragalang kwa *land boards*, re sa bue maina a batho, mme exposing the ills which are happening in various *land boards*.

MR SPEAKER: Freeze the clock. Honourable Monageng, mme legale o e tlhalositse Mokwena. Le gololesegile to debate, le bue dilo ka fa le di bonang ka teng, eo ke tshwanelo e le e fiwang ke molao wa Motheo,

temana ke ya bo 12, le e fiwa ke Standing Orders tsa lona, le gore ke tshwanetse gore ke le sireletse fa le *debate* le ntsha mahatlha a lona. Se ke ka se keng ka se letlelela ke gore o bo o mara motho yo o ka se kang a ipuelela fa ka dipuo kana o mo latofatsa, *the presumption of innocence until proven otherwise shall be upheld in this House*, ke yone e re tlaa tswelelang ka yone. Gakere ke a utlwala Mokwena?

HONOURABLE MEMBER: ...(Inaudible)...

MR SPEAKER: Ee. Ke raya le lona lotlh *Honourable Members*.

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Tanki *Mr Speaker*. Ke batla gore ke go bolelele tota ke re *some of these things* di utlwisa botlhoko tota. Rona re a amega. *What is happening* kwa Mogoditshane Sub-Land Board is painful. Batho ba ganelwa ka ditsabone, masimo a bone a le teng foo, ba bo ba tseelwa masimo a bone. Do you know in this House gore go sale go fetolwa *Land Policy* gotwe re buse *certificates* tse dikgologolo ka 2018, gakere, gotwe go ya go dirwa *certificates* tse diša? Up to today, *certificates* tse diša tseo ga di ise di tswe. Yo o nang le *certificate* se segologolo, go raya gore ga se bereke, because we were all given six months gore re bo re fetolela into the new title deed certificates. Go raya gore gone jaana, fa o santse o tshotse se segologolo sele, molao o go raya o re se sale se fedile ka 2018. Ke fa re a bona jaanong, go tsweletswe go dirwa fela jalo, di ntse di a dirisiwa.

The land board e ne e tsere ditshwetso, e neetsse Mogoditshane Sub-Land Board gore e ka dira compensation in kind, go kwadilwe in black and white, e le the board resolution. Now, Kweneng Land Board fa e tswa kwa yone ya re ‘no, re a reverse.’ Ke gore just imagine, o ne o tsere tshimo ya gago, o neetswe ditsha, o bo o ya go rekisa o tshotse dipampiri tsa *land board*, e go rebotse gore rekisa tshimo ya gago ke e, after two years ba re, “nnyaa, re busetsa *resolution* ele ya rona ele, re e boela ka morago jaanong, re tsaya *certificate* sele re a se go neela, le wena busetsa motho yole madi a gagwe.”

Ke dilo tse di diragalang mo garona mo. Jaanong ga re a tshwanela go di didimalela fela jaana re bo re tsaya gore sengwe le sengwe se siame. Re tshwanetse re bue tota, Goromente a tseye kgato e e maleba gore Mogoditshane Sub-Land Board e tshwanetse go tsena mo dithhotlhomisong tse di tseneletseng and those who are found guilty ba seke. Kana fa o bona ba ntse ba senya jaana, ka Kgabo Report jaaka o ne o bua, ga ba a ka ba seka. Gakere?



HONOURABLE MEMBER: Ee.

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Ee, ba ne ba tlogelwa fela. Ke gore ba tlwaetse ka gore ba ne ba ntse ba le mo Pusong. Jaanong rona ba Puso e ntsha a re direng *Judicial Commission*, re make sure gore batho ba ba sek. Re make sure gore they account for their deeds. Re se ka ra ba tlogela fela go ntse jalo. Ke bua kgang e ka pelo e e botlhoko *Mr Speaker*; ka gore ga re ka ke ra lettelela gore batho ba ba kwa, ba tseelwe masimo ka bomo, ba tsenngwe mo lehumeng ka bomo.

MR LESEDI: Clarification. Mma ke go leboge *Mr Speaker*. Ke go leboge Honourable Mokgware. Kgang e ke bona gore o e bua tota, e go amile. Ke re gongwe ke botse gore a o dumela gore *inquiry* e e ka dirwa fela kwa Sub-Land Board ya Mogoditshane kana o ne o ka leba ka bophara jwa *land boards* tsotlhe ka gore o kare selo se ke selo modiro lefatshe lotlhe? Ke a leboga.

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Tanki motlotlegi. Nnyaa, o bua puo e ntle, yone e tshwanetse go dirwa lefatshe lotlhe ka gore ke bona gore o kare *this cancer* e ntsi mo Mogoditshane thata gona le kwa dikgaolong tse dingwe. Ke ne ka bolelwe ka yone kwa kgaolong ya Mahalapye gotwe le gone o kare e a simologa teng, mme mo go rona mo ke nkgo ya teng, kwa e leng gore go senngwa ka bomo fela, motho a bo a bua a re ga go na ope yo o tsileng ka setsha a tswa kwa mpeng ya ga mmaagwe.

HONOURABLE MEMBER: Go bua mang?

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: *Mr Speaker*. Re a utlwana, mo Kgatleng, jaanong wa re ke se ka ka bua motho yo o neng a rialo kwa Kgatleng?

MR SPEAKER: Maj. Gen. Mokgware, ke le tlhagisitse gantsinyana gore go diphatsa go tlhasela *Speaker*.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Murmurs)...

MR SPEAKER: O bo o boa o mo supa ka monwana, golo ga teng go ka go tsenya mo mathateng fela a matona.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Laughter!...)

MR SPEAKER: Jaanong ke ne ke re ke go gakolole jalo Mokwena.

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Tanki sir. Ke lekile go o kgaola mongwame. Mme fela ke raya gore *these things are painful*, motho fela a bua mo Kgatleng a re ga go na ope yo o tsileng ka setsha a tswa kwa mpeng ya ga

mmaagwe. That is a big insult, and go bo gotwe ke ene moetledipele, re bo re mo tlogela fela jalo, mme e bile gape re ntse re itse gore o na le dikgang le dipelaelo tsa gore ke mongwe wa batho ba ba senyang. That is why o bona ke ema fela ka dinao ke re no, re tshwanetse gore re eme ka dinao, kgang e re e bua tota because ga go na motho yo o ka tswelelang a sena lefatshe, ga a yo. It is a basic right to own land. Ra rialo kwa UDC. Fa e le rona re sena go nna re rialo re bo re a baya fela kwa godimo, re bo re lesa batho ba tsena jalo ba tseela batho mafatshe a bone ka bomo. Kana 25x30 plot mo garona ka fa, e tsamaya P300 000, re a utlwana. Just imagine o tseelwa 4 hectares ke bone botsotsi ba, gore ba ya go tsaya ditsha tse kae mo teng? MaP300 000 a ba yang go a bona mo teng a kae? We have to be responsible; we have to act like responsible people.

Kgang e nngwe e e tshwenyang thata mo kgannyeng e ke batlang go bua ka yone ke gore borukutli bo tsweletse, bo bontsi mo kgaolong ya rona bagaetsho. Fa re ka se ka ra tswelela, Batswana ga ba safe, dithoto tsa bone ga di safe, bana ba a nyelela letsatsi le letsatsi, batho ba a rorwa letsatsi le letsatsi, mme ga go na sepe se se diragalang. Ga re bone batho ba sek. Batho ba setse e bile jaanong ba tshaba le go tsamaya. Ke gore ga o ka ke wa tsamaya ka dinao fela wa tswa fa wa ya station wa se ka wa tlhoka go tlhaselwa ke batho. Jaanong re a kopa tota gore dilo tse a di baakanngwe, security sa Batswana re leke to reinforce, go hirwe mapodise ba nne bantsi. Le bone ba rutuntshiwe ka gore re na le bana ba le bantsi ba ba sa berekeng, ba ba eletsang gore ba ka nna mapodise, ditiro tse ba tsena mo go tsone.

Mo kgaolong ya rona ya Gabane-Mmankgodi, dipalo tsa rona di supa gore re tshwanelwa ke sepatela. Gompieno clinics tsa rona tsotlhe kwa fa e re 4:30 p.m. di a tswalwa. Re tshwanelwa ke sepatela fela se setona, se se siameng. Fa e le gore sepatela se tlaa pala, a clinics tsa rona le tsone di bulwe 24 hours, mme di bo di tsentswe maternity wing mo teng. Jaanong akanya fela o tswa kwa, gompieno go tswa fa go ya Gabane is two hours drive, mme go gaufi fela fa. O tsaya two hours mo traffic. Motho fa a le mo ditlhabing ga a goroge kwa. Ke sone se o bonang ke kopa. Dr Modise, fa o ntse o lebeletse, ke batla o akanye gore kwa Gabane go nne le sepatela mo kgaolong yone e ya rona e. Re a se tlhoka.

Sa bobedi, wa Thuto, re tlhoka senior secondary school mo kgaolong ya rona. Bana ba rona ba tswa kgakala ba latela dithuto, mme jaaka le itse gore malatsinyana a, boarding schools kana ga di yo, di a tlhaela. Jaanong re kopa gore re nne le boarding school kwa.



MR SEGOKGO: *Clarification.* Ke a leboga Mr Speaker. Ke a leboga Maj. Gen. Mokgware. Ke ne ke re, a ga o akanye gore senior secondary school e ka isiwa fa Tlokweng? Wena ka o bapile le Mogoditshane, gongwe bana ba Gabane ba ka tsena fa Mogoditshane?

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Laughter!...)

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Fa nne ke itsile gore o na le one mogopoloo, nkabo ke ganne go go neela. Ke a go bona gore wena o gogela kwa kae. Ba go reeditse legale batho ba Gabane-Mmankgodi, ba tlaa go araba.

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...(Laughter!...)

MAJ. GEN. MOKGWARE: Nna ke bua ka dipalo, ke bona gore re tlhokana le sekole gone mo kgaolong e ya rona e, senior secondary school ka gore bana ba rona walk long distances. Kana gompieno akanya fa o na le bana ba le four, yo mongwe a tsena kwa Mogoditshane Senior School, yo mongwe mo Gaborone Senior School, o le motsadi o sa bereke, unemployment e le kanakana, o felelwa ke madi go pega bana ba di-combi letsatsi le letsatsi; phakela le maitseboa. Ke sone se ke kopang gore re nne le senior secondary school mo kgaolong ya rona. Ke batla go dumela gore mananeo a mantsi.

Goromente yo mosha, unemployment mo ga rona mo e ntsi, fa bana ba sa kgone go bona ditiro, ba tabogela kwa katseng, drugs. Drugs are everywhere. Ke sone se ke kopang strong policing mo kgaolong ya rona go emisa ditagi, di dintsii, bana ba ba ntseng fela go sena se ba se dirang ba, jaanong ba ba dipelo di maswe ba ba gogela ka kwa ditaging. Jaanong ke sone se se ntshwenyang sone se gore o ka fitlhela bana ba Modimo ba le ka fa tlase ga ditlhare fale o re gongwe ba a tlota, ba ja katse gone foo. They are into drugs. Selo se ke sone se ke kopang gore a re baakanyeng security seo sa rona.

Metsi ke buile ka one ka re ga a yo. Ke buile ka corruption ka re e ntsi re e lekeng rotlhe, re bone gore tota re ka e dira ka tsela e e ntseng jang.

Se sengwe sa botlhokwa ke gore a re lebeleleng ditsela tse tsa rona tse, jaaka madi a sale a ntshitswe a ditsela, di pala go dirwa. Kante mathata ke eng ka gore madi one a ne a dule? Di palelwa ke eng go dirwa? Tsela e ya Mogoditshane-Thamaga e eme. Exit e e tswang mo tseleng ya Lobatse e tsena ka Mmokolodi e bo e tsena ka Gabane, e bo e ya Tloaneng, e bo e ya go tsena ka kwa Mmankgodi, re a di tlhoka dilo tseo, re batla gore di nne teng.

Budget e e tlang fa e tswa, lona ba infrastructure ke batla go bona go na le sengwe mo teng se se tsamaelang teng koo, e seng jalo go raya gore re tlaa nna le mathatanyana.

Ga ke na go etsa Khan ke le tseela metsi, ke tlaa gana ka sengwe sa lona, re bo re tshwana e bo e nna 50/50. Gakere Motlotlegi Carter? Ke a leboga.

MR LEKUTLANE (KGALAGADI NORTH): Thank you Mr Speaker. Mme ke kopolole baki ke tle ke phuthologe, kana ke bua ka mathata.

Ke go leboge Honourable Speaker, ke leboge le 13th Parliament. Ke leboge Tautona wa lefatshe comrade Gideon Boko ka mafoko a gagwe a setshaba a maloba a sa tswa go re a baya pele le gore Goromente wa UDC o ya go dira eng se se pharologanyo fa gare ga Goromente yo o duleng yole.

Ke leboge ex fronts, BCP ka pina eo ya tebelopele ya Goromente yo mosha. Ke nne le a special thanks to Honourable Gobotswang for that courageous advice o e mphileng o le motsadi e bile o na le tebelopele. Ke fete ka yone mme ke tlaabo ke ama tsa botsogo. Ke ne ke batla go supa gore Honourable Gobotswang o ne a reng mme tota mme ke leboge batlhophi ba Kgalagadi North ba e rileng ba bona sekepe se nwela, ba bona go tshwanetse gore go nne le pharologanyo mme ba roma nna. Ba re ke le bolelele gore the reason why go na le Goromente yo mosha, ke ka tlhopho ya bone.

Honourable Speaker, ke ne ke re ke fete ka go supa gore go reng ke re ke leboga Honourable Gobotswang mo go faphegileng. E rile re ntse re tsweletse re ipapatsa, a nthaya a re nako nngwe morwa Lekutlane, o nne o tsogela fa Marina fale o ye go bona se se diragalang teng. Ka ipha nako eo, ya nna e re malatsi a dibeke gongwe di le pedi, e re 4:00 a.m. le nna ke bo ke fodile line fa Marina. Sengwe se ke neng ka se lemoga ke gore the first 50 people ba ba neng ba fola gone foo, either ba ne ba tlide go ntshiwa meno kana ba tlide to attend issues tsa prostate cancer, e ne e le ba Kgalagadi North. Ba sa le ba palame bus letsatsi le le fetileng gore ba latele booki kwano. Golo moo Honourable Minister wa Health, go utlwisa botlhoko tota e bile o kgona go ipotsa gore tota gatwe rona re jetse eng Modimo?

Honourable Minister, ke ne ka leka go tsamaya dibeke tseo ke bona gore go diragala eng le gore batho bao ba thusiwa jang. Ka fitlhela gore fa motho a tsena gone kwa Marina o fola phakela, go tswa foo ba bo ba kgaoganngwa ka units tseo. Ba prostate cancer because I was highly interested because I am affected and



infected, ke ne ka ya go bona gore go diragala eng. Ka ya go bona gore fa o tsena teng o sena o bona ngaka, monnamogolo wa Modimo fa a tsena koo o tlaabo a tewa gotwe a o tsere *scan*? O tlaabo a re, ‘*shikene shing ngwanaka?*’ o botsa ngaka mme ga a mo utlw. Go tswa foo *nurse* o a mo tlhalosetsa gore seipone jaana le jaana, o tlaabo a re, ““ngaka yo ke neng ke mmona kwa Kang kana Hukuntsi o ntheile a re ke tle kwano ke tle go bona wena.” *What is happening at that moment now; ba boa gape ba direlwa a new appointment ya gore ba tle go bona yone ngaka eo after four to five months.* Ngaka, ka maloba e rile o tlhomiya ga supiwa bo *specialty* jwa gago, a from that period bolwetse bo a ema kana go diragala eng, kana *alignment* ya motho e nna e ntse e oketseg? Ke kutlobotlhoko *that we face re le ba Kgalagadi North*.

O boela kwa Kang kana Ncaang ka gore ba a bo ba sa tswe fela mo Hukuntsi, ba a bo ba tswa bo Ncaang kwa go sa tsamaegeng teng, ba tswa bo Ukhwi kwa re bonang sekondere mo dipampiring fela.

MR LEKAU: *On a point of clarification.* Ke a leboga neighbour. Ke ne ke re ke utlw. Kutlwisiso mo go wena gore fa o le kwa Marina jaana, a o ne o bona ba tsholwa sentle? Fa a sa bona bongaka jaana, a tsholo e ne e le e ka itumedisang?

MR LEKUTLANE: Tanki mokaulengwe. Marina Hospital ke mo itse fela kwa dikotsing tsa dikoloi le tsa eng, koo ke ka mo opela diatla. Gone fale ba ne ba tsewa sentle ka gore go ne go na le a *dedicated nurse*. Go ne go na le yo o neng a ba tolololola mme *there is always a language barrier because go tla morafe wa Sekgalagadi le wa Sesarwa*. Rona ba bangwe re nna lesego ka gore re kopana le Setswana mo dikoleng, jaanong bone ga ba na kgang eo.

Minister fa o bona ke gatelela kgang ya bongaka, ke gore kwa Kgalagadi North re na le mathata. Ke fitlhetsi kgaolo e e kgautlaneng e e leng gore gompieno *is declared a district; gatwe go na le Hukuntsi District, mo e leng gore we are disputing it at the moment mme...*

MR NKAWANA: *On a point of clarification.* Ke a go leboga Mr Speaker. Ke a leboga Rre Monnakgotla. Gatweng...

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: ...*(Laughter!)*...

MR NKAWANA: Gatweng, ga ke a utlw sentle, o tlaa intshwarela.

MR SPEAKER: Honourable Nkawana, Honourable Member fale o bidiwa Reason Lekutlane. Ke lone leina la gagwe, o tswa kwa Kgalagadi North. Baakanya Honourable Member for Selebi Phikwe East.

MR NKAWANA: Ke a go leboga Mr Speaker. Rre Reason Lekutlane go tswa kwa Kgalagadi North, ke a go leboga mokaulengwe gore o bo o mphile sebaka se. Ke re o tlhalose gore fa balwetse ba ba tswang kwa Kgalagadi North when referred ke ba bongaka ba Kgalagadi North, a go na le thuso nngwe e ba e dirang gore balwetse bao ba tle mo Gaborone?

Le gore fa ba tsena kwano ba kopana le mathata a gore ga ba a direlwa *appointment* sentle kgotsa ga gona kutlwisisano, a Puso e na le ka fa e dirang ka teng gore batho ba ba ka thusiwa go boela kwa magaeng a bone ba ya go letela malatsi a a beilweng ba le koo? Ke a leboga.

MR LEKUTLANE: Mme ke fete ka eo. Bakaulengwe, dikgang tsa me di dintsit le metsotso le yone ga e kalo. Ke tlaa nna ke ntse ke le tima metsotso e mengwe, le bo le ntheetse. Ke santse ke ya koo. *Issue* e mma ke e tsibogege mokaulengwe. Se se supafalang ke gore, batho ba kgaolo ya me ba Kgalagadi North, fa ba tswa kwa, ke ne ke bua gore ba pagama *bus* ya nine maitseboa kwa Hukuntsi. Fa ba le mo Kang, go raya gore ba ya go pagama ya 12 phakela gore e re 4 o'clock, ba bo ba setse ba le ka kwano. Ke raya gore ba a bo ba pagame *buses* ba ipegile. Ba bo ba feta ba ya go ifolela kwa Marina. Ga ba foletwe ke badirelapuso. Golo moo ke kutlobotlhoko e ke supang gore e teng.

Se se supiwa ke gore kwa Kgalagadi North re na le se-ka-sepatela, Hukuntsi Primary Hospital. Ke se-ka-sepatela because it is ordinary building there. Go na le serious shortage ya staff. O kile wa utlw kae sepatela gotwe ke sepatela mme se sena a *specialist*, golo moo ke kutlobotlhoko. Our people are just being sentenced to death. Ga ke itse gore a golo moo ke genocide kana ke eng. Fa o tsena gone kwa primary hospital ya rona ya Hukuntsi, ga go na melemo. Metsi a worse ka gore, ga ke itse gore Honourable Minister o ne a tswela eng ka gore ke ka bo ke mo file kgang ya gore, ga go kgonwe go dirwa operations because ga go na metsi kwa Hukuntsi Primary Hospital.

Ba buildings le bone have totally neglected maintenance wa sepatela seo. Pipes are blocked tsa tshipi. O ipotsa gore ka golo fa re bereka le new technology e e leng teng, go dirisiwa pipes tsa plastic, technology eo e ba tlodile fa kae? Ba tlogela ka bomo fela ka gore ke Kgalagadi,

kana jang ga re itse. Golo moo gotlhelele *I do not lose hope* thata ka gore ke dilo tse di neng di dirwa ka bomo ke bale. *I have hope* gompieno jaaka maloba President a ne a tsharabolola dikgang tsa gagwe gore mme sengwe se laa dirwa.

Ke batla re tsibogele kgang ya booki kwa Kgalagadi. Golo kwa Kgalagadi North, *we only have two clinics* mme metse e le mentsi. Ke gore ke *clinic* e e kwa Kang le Hukunsi. Lokgwabe ke *health post*, Lehututu; *health post*, Tshane; *health post but these are big villages*. Ke kopa gore *those health posts should be upgraded* bogolo e nne *clinics*. Ba ntshe Hukunsi Primary Hospital mo tirong ya go dira tiro ya *clinic*. Fa o tsena kwa Hukunsi, o fitlhela e le gore golo koo batho ba fodile *line*, ditlhogo tsa bone di opa ba tlie go *bandage*. Fa go ne go na le *clinics* kwa Tshane, Lokgwabe, ditiro tseo di ka bo di dirwa koo *but there is a serious problem there*. Mo teng ga dikago tsa Hukunsi Primary Hospital, go utlwisa bothhoko tota. Go ne go na le *infrastructure but the problem is the maintenance*. Ke kopa gore ka tsweetswee Ministers ba ba amegang, le tsibogele kgang eo.

Mo dingwageng tse di fetileng *there was a planned referral hospital* kwa Kang. *It just faded* o kare battery ya PP10, ya bo ya nyeleta. O ipotsa gore *the initial kakanyo* ya gore sepatela seo se nne koo e ne e le eng, go fetogile fa kae. *Population* e ntse e a oketsegaa, malwetse le one a a oketsegaa. Go utlwisa bothhoko ka gore motse wa Kang o fa gare ga metse. *It caters for any accident* e e diragalang mo Trans Kalahari between Gantsi and Kang. Ba tshwanetse ba tle go goroga mo Kang pele, ba bo ba isiwa kwa Hukunsi. Fa go ya go pala Hukunsi, o boa gape a tla go tsena mo Kang, a bo a fetelwa kwa Jwaneng. Fa o re o lebelela gore ga go ka bo go ne go dirilwe *a referral hospital* mo Kang, Ngwaketse District, Kweneng District, Kgalagadi District, Ghanzi District ba ne ba ya *to benefit* ba botlhe. Mo e leng gore le gompieno jaana Minister, ke kopa a ko o lebelele kgang eo fela o phuthologile, go sena sepe se se mo go wena. E seng jaaka bale ba ba neng ba le teng pele. Bone go ne ga nna le mokgwa o mongwe o ke sa o rateng ka kgang ya teng. Kang ke *central* le fa o ka reng. O tshwana fela le Palapye, o tshwanetse go nna le dilo tse di tlhokafalang.

Ke fete ka kgang ya bongaka ke tsene mo ditseleng. *If there is any ministry* o gompieno o dirang gore Kgalagadi North e nne letlotla, ke *Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure*. Ga go na ditsela. Kgalagadi North e utlwisa bothhoko. *It has been done* ke ba ba neng ba le

teng pele gore ke *centre of attraction* ya *gravel roads* le *sandy roads*. Golo mo gotlhelele go utlwisa bothhoko ka gore *people who suffer bale*, ke Batswana fela jaaka ba bangwe. Ga go na *services* tse di gorogang kwa Kgalagadi North *just because of ditsela*.

Network ya Kgalagadi North is around 890 kilometres (km), ke tsentse sekonotere sa 133 km mo teng. O akanya gore 133, *the rest* ke eng; ke motlhaba le *gravel*. Mo go feteletseng thata ke motlhaba, *loose sandy road*. Fa o ka ya kwa, o ka tlhomoga pelo o ipotsa gatwe ke santse ke ya motseng kana jang. Ba ba itseng gore dinako tsele go kile ga bo go na le Pitsakgolo le Palamaokue, *they will definitely understand* gore fa ke re motlhaba go tewa eng, go robalwa gone foo. Fa o tsaya motse o o tshwanang le Ncaang, *you cannot reach it* ka koloi e e seng 4 by 4. Goromento o tsere badirelapuso a ba isa koo, o tlaa fitlhela morafe koo. O ipotsa gore bana bao gatwe ba tshela jang.

Ke sone se se dirang gore go nne le *rebellion* mo badirelapusong fa o ba gopoletsa Kgalagadi North. Moto a ya teng fela a ya go tsaya *post*, a bo a boela kwano, *that is* se se diragalang. O ya fela kwa Ncaang a ya go tsaya *promotion post*, *two months later*, o kopa transfer o tla mo Gaborone, go ya kwa gaNgwaketse kana Mokwena ka gore ke gone kwa ba ka bonang dikonotere koo. *It is really pathetic*.

Ke kopa tsela ya Hukunsi-Ncojane. E nne *one of ditsela* ka gore maloba ke ne ke utlwa *Minister* a bua kgang ya gore go ya go nna le dikakanyo tse di ntsha go dira Lenaneo la Ditolhabololo. Hukunsi-Ncojane e nne tsela e e tshelwang sekonotere *because* e na le *benefits* tse di ntsintsi. Fa o e lebelela fela ka boyone, e tlaabo e connect metse ya Kgalagadi North mo teng *because the population* ya Kgalagadi North is between Ncojane and Hukunsi. Metse e gone foo e mentsi, mathata fela e nna dikaka, ga go na motlakase, ga go na eng *because of the roads infrastructure*. Tsela eo fa o e dira, ke gone mo e leng gore UDC e ka dira ditiro ka yone. Re simolola fela ka *design* ya teng, re bo re tsena mo *construction*. You are doing jobs. Fa o tswa mo *construction*, re tlaabo re tsena mo go reng e tlaabo e fedile. Comrade Kapinga o ya go dira *filling station* on one of those villages. Ene o dira *double dipping* fale le fale, o ya go dira *filling station* fale e e yang go hira bana ba Kgalagadi North ba le 33. O a bona, o tlaabo a diretse bo ngwanake tiro. *That would be employment* e nngwe gone foo. Bo Comrade Nkawana o ya go reka bus a e tsenya mo tseleng e e tlaabong e connect Ncojane e isa batho mo



Hukunsi kwa Ncojane. Ke *employment*, go na le *driver* le *conductors*. Go na le ba ba rekisang *sweets* mo teng. *That would have a benefit* mo kgaolong ya me. *I am just trying* go le supegetsa gore ga se gore le fa Domkrag e ne e *ignore that road*, go ne go sena *any material benefit* mo teng, *it was really serious*.

Go tswa foo le bana ba rona ba ya go ikutlwisa go reka dikara. Gompieno ga o kgona go reka kara, re lapisitswe ke *stigma* samekoko bakaulengwe. Ke gore fa o tswa kwa Kgalagadi, gatwe o a bo a tla ka mokoko. Ga ke kgone go reka kara, *why this, because of the roads* tse ke tshelelang mo go tsone. Ga go na, ga go tsamaege *but this road* e ka re thusa. *Apart from that, it is going to reduce the traffic distance* ya go goroga kwa Mamuno ka gore o tlaabo o tswa mo Kang o ya Hukunsi, o bo o feta Ncojane, o bo o tsena mo Charles Hill.

Gompieno *distance* e e tsamaiwang ke go tswa mo Kang o ya Junction 44, ke gone o bo o riana, *which means you are going to travel 650 km* o dikologa jaana. Fa o tswa jaana, *you reduce the travelling distance* ka bo 250 km. Ke bua sengwe se se leng teng. Golo gongwe ba ka gakgamala gore ke eng ke rialo. *I am a Construction Project Manager by profession*, ke kile ka dira mo lephateng la ditsela mo go utlwisa botlhoko. Ke gore ke raya gore le se ka la gakgamala la tsaya gore ke bua sengwe se ke sa se itseng. Ke tlaa tla ke tlhasela *monster* kwa morago ke sena go nna ke bua ka kgang ya kgaolo ya me. *This exactly will assist Goromente, and is going to reduce the maintenance cost* ya A3. Ke gore batho ba ba tlaabong ba tsaya tsela ya A3 e tlaabo e le... ke raya gore Comrade Hikuama ga a na go tlhola a ntse a tsaya dingwaga tse di ntsi ka gore go na le *traffic* ya diteraka, diteraka di tlaabo di fokotsegile di setse Comrade Motsamai morago. Ka gore diteraka tse di tsenang fale ke tse di yang kwa Namibia. Ene o tlaabo a tsamaya koo a kolokotega ka koloi ya gagwe fela koo go ya go goroga koo, e bile a kgona go tsamaya ka *speed* se se botoka. *It will also reduce the maintenance cost* wa A3. Le bona gore tsela e tota *is viable* Matona? Ke raya gore kwa *caucus* ya lona *please fetisang* kgang eo fela le tlhoafetse gore batho ba Kgalagadi North ke gore ba utlwa botlhoko fa go buiwa ka ga ditsela.

Gompieno *I am really surprised*, go utlwisa botlhoko, go tlhatlagangwa dikonotere mo godimo ga tse dingwe, mme bana ba rona ga ba itse sekonotere gore go tewa eng, *but gompieno ka kwano di a tlhatlagangwa*. Tse dingwe e bile ke utlwile gotwe di setse di bapisiwa. Ke gore go dirwa tsela e nngwe ka fa go bo go dirwa e nngwe

ka fa. *Why can you not give us this lane* e e leng gore gompieno le a e dira, re e tseye fela *from* fa Hukunsi e ye go felela golo gongwe. Re tlaa boa re tsaya e nngwe gongwe e e bapisang golo gongwe e ya go goroga. *This is totally unfair distribution of the resources and development*. Ga ke e bue ke e reng, ke gore ke raya gore ke kile ka amiwa ke Comrade Mapulanga kgantele fa o bona ke ne ke didimetse pele jaana, ke re ke wele pele ke nwe metsi, e tle e re ke bua, ke bo ke itse gore ga ke hegelwe. Ga go na sepe se se ka diragalang sa tlhabologa go sena tsela bakaulengwe. Ke raya gore ke ne ke feta ka kgang ya ditsela.

Ke tsena mo metsing, *issue* ya metsi e utlwisa botlhoko kwa Kgalagadi North, mme go na le *the abundance of water* golo gongwe mo Kgalagadi. Ga go na se se utlwisang botlhoko jaaka gompieno re na le motse o o tshwanang Hukunsi gotwe ke *district headquarters* o nosiwa ka diteraka 110 km. Batho ba Hukunsi ba agile matlo a a tshwanang le a Phakalane, *the main problem* ya bone bs sale ba rekile *geysers*, ga di bereke. Ba gelela metsi go tshela kwa *bathrooms* tsa bone. Ke kutlobotlhoko e e leng teng mme gotwe ke *district headquarters*. *District Headquarters* ya ga mang e e ntseng jaana!

Fa o tswa gone mo Hukunsi o tsena mo metseng e mengwe kwa bo Hunhukwe, go utlwisa botlhoko tota gore gotwe go na le sediba kwa Hunhukwe. Sediba seo gompieno fa se pompa metsi, a seretse. Ngaka ke kopa gore o ye *to test* metsi ale gape ka gore bo Ramogapi ga ke dumele gore *results* tse ba di mphang ke tsone, *or else* ke ya go itseela *samples* tsele ke ya *to test them at my own cost* gore ke tle ke bone fela gore tota metsi a Huhunkwe a rileng. Ga go na metsi a e ka reng fa o a tshela mo teng ga kopi, o bo o a tlogela pele a ema go bo go nna le seretse kwa tlase. Nyaa bakaulengwe, *this is totally unacceptable*. Dilo tse di utlwisa botlhoko. Le gompieno jaana ke ipotsa gore a Comrade Motsamai o a tle a tseye tsela e a fete ka Hukunsi a bo a tsena ka bo Ukhwi a utlwe metsi ao. Ka gore fa a ka tsamaya fela a ya go bona metsi ale, o tlaa bona gore ga se gone sentle. Go molemo ka gore o rekile koloi ya *two rooms*, o tlaa nna a tswa jaana a utlwa gore tsela ele ya rona e bokete go le kae, le gore ga go na metsi go le kae mo tseleng ele.

Sengwe se se nkutlwisang botlhoko, ke ne ke bua ka kgang ya metsi a a kwa ale, ga go na metsi kwa Ncaang le kwa Zutshwa. Fa o tsena kwa bo Tshane, go tshelwa metsi mo dijojong *for human consumption*, mme ga go na ope koo yo a di katileng. Golo fa ga go na selo se se

utlwisang bothhoko jaana. Fa o tsena kwa bo Tshane, ka re go bewa metsi ka dijojo tsa 5000 litres. O akanye gore kwa kgotleng nngwe le nngwe go bewa dijojo tsone tseo. Batho gatwe ba nwe jang? Metsi *cannot reach* dijarata tsa batho bao. Ba tla foo ka 200 litres, ka dijojonyana tsa 100 litres go tla go ga metsi. *Same thing applies to* bo Zutshwa. Ke gore se se diragalang kwa Kgalagadi *it used to be a hub* ya dikgomo, jaanong se se diragetseng ke gore go tserwe metsi a dikgomo a bo a neelwa batho. Jaanong go bolaiwa *production* ya rona ya dikgomo ka gore ga go na metsi a dikgomo jaanong. A dikgomo ke a nowang ke batho. *Then the health welfare...*

MR HIKUAMA: *On a point of procedure Mr Speaker.* Ke a leboga *Mr Speaker.* *Mr Speaker,* o tle o lebelele Ntlo ya gago e sentle, le go tsamaya o ntse o ruta. Go lebega e kete Honourable Members ba tsaya gore *clarification* ke selo se se maswe, mme kana se nonotsha *debates*. Go na le *trend* ya batho ba ba ganang *clarification*. Go tlaa dira gore *debates* tsa Ntlo ya gago gore di bore. Ke gore le wena o ka ithutha sengwe mo *clarification* ya mokaulengwe ka wena. *People should feel liberal unless fa e le gore jaanong they disturb your own deliberations, not fela gore nnyaa wena fela ke nako ya gago you do not want to yield for other Members. You are making the House to become a bit monotonous.*

MR SPEAKER: *Order!* Honourable Members, e ne e le kgakololo mo go *the experienced Opposition Whip* gore le se ka la nna o kare le mo tebelelong le reeditse moruti a rera, ke Palamente, *the house of debate*. Tota ke kgakololo. Legale le itse gore yone *clarification* kana ga go patike gore o ka e tsaya. E ne e le kgakololo, ke tsaya gore le tlaa e amogela.

ASSISTANT MINISTER OF WATER AND HUMAN SETTLEMENT (MR MOTSAMAI): *Clarification.* Ke a leboga *Mr Speaker.* Ke go leboge gape Rre Hikuama ka go sedimosa kgang eo. Ke bo ke leboga le yo o e mphileng ka kwano.

Ke re kana o ne o re ga o itse gore a tsela e ya go tswa mo Hukuntsi go feta jaana ka bo Ngwatle, bo Ukhwi go ya go tsena kwa bo Neojane a ke a tle ke e tseye? Ke go sedimasetse fela ke re rraetsho, kgaolo ele fa o fitlhela e le boruma jo bo fetang selekanyo jaana, ke ne ke bereka kgaolo ele ka ditsela tsone tseo. Gore o bo o le fa jaana, ke ne ke dirisa yone tsela eo. Ke a leboga.

MR SPEAKER: *Freeze the clock.* Honourable Motsamai koloi e gotweng ke ya *two rooms* e go tewa ya gago? Kana o kile wa ne o na le ya ditlhogo tse pedi, jaanong ga ke itse gore a...

MR MOTSAMAI: Nnyaa, o a ntlaopa.

MR LEKUTLANE: Nnyaa, mma ke tswelele. Kgalagadi North kutlobotlhoko e koo. Gompieno jaana *Mr Speaker*, batho ba kgaolo ya me bo Ncaang, Ukhwi le Inalegolo ga ba *benefit* mo lenaneong la go tsenya motlakase mahala. Kana Inalegolo mo *grid* fela o 19 km o tswa fa didibeng tse di pompelang metsi a a yang kwa ga Ngwaketse, a bo a nna 22 km go tswa mo Kokong. Ke re ke supe kgang eo gore ke dingwe tse e leng gore Goromente wa rona wa UDC ke ya go rotloetsa tota gore bogolo ba dire *experimentation of solar power station* mo go tsone. Ka gore golo moo go *possible* gore ba se ka ba re tsenya mo *grid*. Go *possible* gore dinnetlane tseo di ka bereka, gore ba ye go di dira gone koo.

Ke re ke tswa mo go yone eo, e nngwe e ke neng ke feta ka yone ke Inalegolo, gore Inalegolo le ene metsi a teng le one a seretse fela Mr Motsamai, seretse sa seretse. Jaanong a ko o e gokele mo teng ga *line* ya Kokong bogolo Morena. Tanki.

Ke tsena mo *monster* o mongwe o ke neng ke sa batle go o lebala o gotweng DM.

HONOURABLE MEMBER: ...*(Inaudible)...*

MR LEKUTLANE: Ee, ke lebile nako mokaulengwe. *Is one of the system* e ke sa e batleng ka pelo ya me yothle. DM ga e a siama, *but* ka gore e ya go ntsaya lebakanyana, mma ke fete ka e nngwe. Go na le *issue* e e leng gore *is part of the DM* e go dirwang gompieno go jewa madi a ga Goromente ka yone. E e leng gore le yone *is favoritism to certain companies tsa direct appointments.* Go dirwa *direct appointments* tsa boP200 million le P1.5 million. *Ministries* ke kopa gore kgang eo le emise, ka re tloga re tsaya gore golo gongwe lona gompieno le *part of that*, ka gore go tsweletse go saeniwa dikonteraka tsa dilo tseo. *There are only few companies that are benefiting.* Dikompone tseo o fitlhela a filwe bo *five, six companies, while companies tse di mo Botswana tsa di E and D grade di le more than a thousand...Ba bantsi, le D...*

MR SPEAKER: *E tshaile* Honourable Lekutlane. As it is now 6 o'clock, I will now call upon Honourable Minister Onneetse Ramogapi, to move a Motion of adjournment. Honourable Ramogapi.

MOTION

ADJOURNMENT



MINISTER OF WATER AND HUMAN SETTLEMENT (MR RAMOGAPI): Ke a leboga *Mr Speaker*. Jaaka nako e le six jaana, ke sutisa gore Ntlo e e tlategang e ba ka tsamaya ba ya go ikhutsa, ba goletsa bana melelo. *I thank you Mr Speaker.*

Question put and **agreed to**.

The Assembly accordingly adjourned at 6:01 p.m. until Tuesday 27th November, 2024 at 2:00 p.m.



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